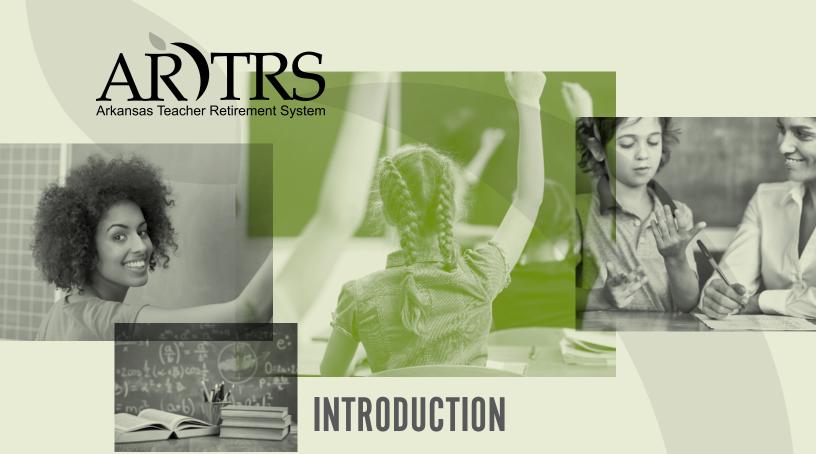


GEORGE HOPKINS, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR A PENSION TRUST FUND OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS

Prepared by the Staff of Arkansas Teacher Retirement System
1400 West Third Street • Little Rock, AR 72201
(501) 682-1517 • 1-800-666-2877 • www.artrs.gov

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February 27, 2015

Board of Trustees Arkansas Teacher Retirement System 1400 West Third Little Rock, AR 72201

The Arkansas Teacher Retirement System (the "System" or ATRS) is pleased to submit this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The ATRS CAFR provides comprehensive information on the retirement plan that ATRS administers. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of presentation rests with the System. To the best of the System's knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and presents fairly the System's financial status and changes in the financial condition.

The 2014 Financial Report is presented in five sections. Contents are summarized below (a detailed Table of Contents may be found on Page 3).

#### Introductory Section:

This section contains the transmittal letter, the Board of Trustees, and organizational chart.

#### **Financial Section:**

This section provides the System's financial statements, required supplementary information, and supporting schedules with additional information about the System's expenses.

#### **Investment Section:**

This section includes the investment consultant's report, investment policies, asset allocation, and investment results.

#### **Actuarial Section:**

This section provides the certification letter from the independent actuary, supporting schedules, and a summary of plan provisions.

#### Statistical Section:

This section presents schedules and tables of comparative data related to the membership, active and retired, of the System.

On March 17, 1937, ATRS was established by Act 266 of 1937. ATRS is a combination contributory/noncontributory retirement system governed by Arkansas retirement law, Chapter 24 of the Arkansas Code. ATRS is one of five state-supported retirement systems in Arkansas and provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to employees of Arkansas public schools and educationally related public agencies. The System has 336 participating employers.

#### Investments

Performance across capital markets was strong during fiscal year 2014, with non-U.S. markets slightly underperforming those in the U.S. Throughout the year, markets overcame several potential hurdles including U.S. debt ceiling disputes, slower than expected GDP growth, and the winding down process for the U.S. Federal Reserve's large asset purchasing program (often known as quantitative easing). Within the U.S., economic indicators show signs of continuing improvement. While the global outlook is still uncertain and corrections should be anticipated, markets have shown momentum and resiliency, with economists generally seeing more improvement ahead.

ATRS has structured a diversified portfolio that has allocations to equity markets, bonds, private equity, real assets, and alternative investments. Investing in multiple asset classes not only allows the System to benefit from equity advances, but also offers protection during down markets. The approach is not static and changes in accordance with the changing investment environment. For example, the target allocation to equities has been lowered from 55% to 50%, and investments in infrastructure have been added to the real assets allocation. These target allocation alignments are designed to further stabilize the portfolio and match the ATRS assets to its liabilities.

Over the long term, ATRS's investment approach has proved beneficial. For example, over the 10-year period ending December 31, 2014, ATRS ranked in the top 4% and in the top 7% for the trailing three-year period in the universe of large public pension funds. ATRS maintains a roster of compelling investment managers, and new opportunities that will benefit the System are being considered. ATRS still uses indexing to level out risk. A focus on long-term growth potential, coupled with asset protection and cost containment, continue to be a focus for ATRS.



#### Additions/Deductions to Plan Net Assets

As a retirement system matures, employer and member contributions are supplemented from investment earnings to fully fund retirement benefits and operating costs. This process is intended to leave the investment nucleus untouched to continue providing the required investment income for future generations of plan participants.

Fiscal year 2014 contributions totaled about \$530 million dollars (\$405 million employer and \$125 million member) and remained stable from previous years. As ATRS becomes a more mature system, the total active members compared to retirees will continue to move more toward a one-to-one ratio, and is now just over a two-to-one ratio. This equalization trend will occur for some time as ATRS matures, as the Baby Boomer generation reaches retirement age, and as schools continue to consolidate and outsource nonteaching positions to private contractors in transportation, food service, custodial services, and substitute teachers.

#### **Funding Status**

ATRS has recovered well since the financial crisis in 2008 and 2009. ATRS had a 19.27% actuarially determined return as compared to its 8% assumed rate of return. To reduce the impact of wild swings in the financial markets, annual results are spread over a four-year period (four-year smoothing). This means the returns above 8% will be smoothed in through fiscal year 2017. ATRS remains a stable 77% funded and improved its funded level from last fiscal year. Amortization required to fund the unfunded accrued actuarial liability (UAAL) decreased from over 70 years to 39 years.

#### Internal Control

Internal controls are at the heart of safeguarding the System's assets. ATRS has an active internal audit department that is continually reviewing and updating control policies. As the System grows and technology advances, we feel it prudent to continuously monitor internal systems and policies to detect and correct potential errors before they occur and to correct any errors that are discovered.

#### **Professional Services**

The ATRS Board of Trustees employs firms that are proven experts to draw on their knowledge and expertise on policy and administration. ATRS's independent general investment consultant and real asset consultant is AON Hewitt Investment Consultants (formerly known as Hewitt EnnisKnupp), head-quartered in Chicago, IL; the private equity consultant is Franklin Park, Associates, LLC of Bala Cynwyd, PA; and the independent actuary is Gabriel Roeder Smith and Company, headquartered in Southfield, MI. The System also uses the services of local legal firms.

#### Acknowledgements

This report is intended to provide complete and reliable information as a foundation for management decisions, determining compliance with legal provisions, and determining conscientious administration of the System's fund. Compilation of this report symbolizes the collective efforts of the staff, under the direction of the Board of Trustees.

This report is posted on the ATRS website (artrs.gov), and hard copies are available upon request.

Respectfully submitted,

George Hopkins Executive Director



#### **Member and Retirant Trustees**

Position #1
Member Trustee
1st Congressional District
Robin Nichols

Jonesboro, AR Term Expires 6/30/2019

Position #4
Member Trustee
4th Congressional District
Kathy Clayton

Malvern, AR Term Expires 6/30/2017

Position #7
Member Trustee
Non-Certified Trustee

Kelly Davis Fort Smith, AR Term Expires 6/30/2015

Position #10 Retirant Trustee

Bobby Lester Jacksonville, AR Term Expires 6/30/2019

Tom Kimbrell Commissioner of Education

Little Rock, AR

Charles Robinson State Treasurer Little Rock, AR Position #2 Member Trustee 2nd Congressional District Janet Watson

Bryant, AR Term Expires 6/30/2016

Position #5 Member Trustee Administrator Trustee

Dr. Richard Abernathy (Chair) Bryant, AR Term Expires 6/30/2018

Position #8 Member Trustee Minority Trustee Hazel Coleman (Vice Chair)

Helena, AR Term Expires 6/30/2015

Position #11 Retirant Trustee Danny Knight

Sherwood, AR Term Expires 6/30/2018 Position #3
Member Trustee
3rd Congressional District
Deborah Thompson
Springdale, AR

Position #6 Member Trustee Administrator Trustee Jeff Stubblefield Charleston, AR

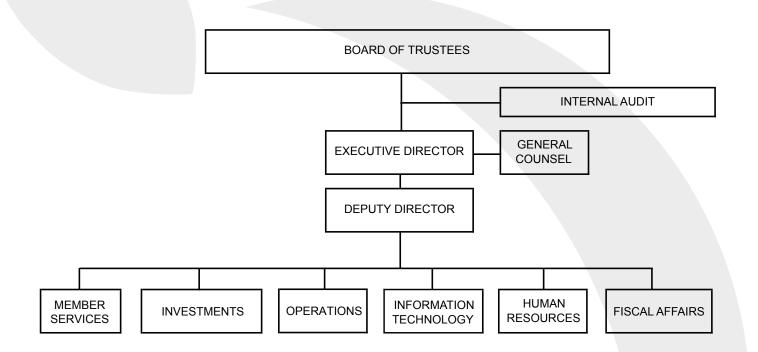
Term Expires 6/30/2015

Term Expires 6/30/2019

Position #9
Retirant Trustee
Lloyd Black
Little Rock, AR
Term Expires 6/30/2016

## **Ex Officio Trustees**

Candace A. Franks State Bank Commissioner Little Rock. AR Charlie Daniels State Auditor Little Rock, AR



#### **Administrative Staff**

# George Hopkins Executive Director

Gail Bolden
Deputy Director

, ,

Mitzi Ferguson, CPA Associate Director of Fiscal Affairs

**Vicky Fowler** *Human Resources Manager* 

Laura Gilson General Counsel

**G. Wayne Greathouse**Associate Director of Investments

**Mullahalli Manjunath** Associate Director of Information Technology Michael Ray Member Services Administrator

Clint Rhoden
Associate Director of Operations

Brenda West, CPA
Internal Auditor

# PROFESSIONAL CONSULTANTS Arkansas Teacher Retirement System

## **Actuary**

Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company Southfield, MI

## **Legal Counsel**

Gill, Ragon, Owen & Sherman

Little Rock, AR

Ice Miller

Indianapolis, IN

Kutak Rock, LLP Scottsdale, AZ

Mitchell, Williams, Selig, Gates & Woodyard, PLLC

Little Rock, AR

Rose Law Firm, PA

Little Rock, AR

Williams & Anderson

Little Rock, AR

## **Securities Monitoring Counsel**

Bernstein, Litowitz, Berger & Grossman, LLP New York, NY

Kaplan, Fox & Kilsheimer

New York, NY

Kessler, Topaz, Meltzer & Check, LLC

Radnor, PA

Labaton Sucharow, LLP

New York, NY

Nix, Patterson & Roach, LLP

Daingerfield, TX

#### **Investment Consultant**

Aon Hewitt Investment Consulting

Chicago, IL

#### Custodian

(Domestic and International)

State Street Fund Services Toronto, Inc.

Toronto, Ontario

**State Street Public Fund Services** 

Boston, MA

#### **Public Markets**

**Allianz Global Investors Capital** 

New York, NY

BlackRock

**Account Management Group** 

New York, NY

Daruma Asset Management, Inc.

New York, NY

D.E. Shaw & Company, LP

New York, NY

GMO. Inc.

Boston, MA

Harris Associates, LP

Chicago, IL

Jacobs Levy Equity Management, Inc.

Florham Park, NJ

**Kennedy Capital Management** 

St. Louis, MO

Lazard Asset Management, LLC

New York, NY

Loomis Sayles & Company, LP

Boston, MA

Pershing Square Capital Management, LP

New York, NY

**Putnam Investments Management** 

Boston, MA

Reams Asset Management

Columbus, IN

Relational Investors, LLC

San Diego, CA

**Russell Implementation Services** 

Seattle, WA

State Street Global Advisors (SSgA)

Boston, MA

State Street Global Markets, LLC

**Transition Management** 

Boston, MA

State Street - Securities Lending

Boston, MA

**State Street Specialized Trust Services** 

Kansas City, MO

**Stephens Investment Management** 

Houston, TX

T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.

Baltimore, MD

Voya Investment Management (fka ING)

Chicago, IL

Wellington Management Co., LLP

Boston, MA

**Private Equity** 

Franklin Park

General Consultant – Private Equity

Bala Cynwyd, PA

21st Century Group I

Dallas, TX

**Advent International Corporation** 

Boston, MA

**Altus Capital Partners** 

Westport, CT

Atlas Holdings, LLC

Greenwich, CT

Audax

New York, NY

**Blackstone Mezzanine Partners** 

New York, NY

**Boston Ventures VIII & BV III** 

Boston, MA

Castlelake II & III

Minneapolis, MN

Court Square Capital Partners III, LP

New York, NY

The Cypress Group

New York, NY

**DLJ Merchant Banking Partners III** 

**DLJ Investment Partners II** 

New York, NY

**Diamond State Ventures** 

**Diamond State Ventures II** 

Little Rock, AR

**Doughty Hanson & Company III** 

**Doughty Hanson & Company Technology** 

London, England

**DW Healthcare** 

Park City, UT

EnCap Investments, LP

Houston, TX

**Grosvenor Capital Management (fka Credit Suisse)** 

**Customized Fund Investment Group** 

PROFESSIONAL CONSULTANTS

New York, NY

Hicks Muse Tate & Furst Equity Fund III

Hicks Muse Tate & Furst Equity Fund IV

Hicks Muse Tate & Furst Equity Fund V

Dallas, TX

Insight Equity II
Insight Mezzanine I

Southlake, TX

J.F. Lehman & Company

New York, NY

**KPS Supplemental III** 

New York, NY

**LLR Equity Partners III** 

Philadelphia, PA

Levine Leichtman III

Beverly Hills, CA

Lime Rock Resources III

Westport, CT

**Mason Wells** 

Milwaukee, WI

Natural Gas Partners IX

**NGP Natural Resources X** 

Irving, TX

Oak Hill Capital Partners

New York, NY

Riverside Partners Fund IV, LP

Riverside Partners Fund V, LP

Boston, MA

Sycamore Partners III

New York, NY

TA XI

Boston, MA

Tennenbaum

Santa Monica, CA

**Thoma Braro XI** 

San Francisco, CA

# PROFESSIONAL CONSULTANTS



**VISTA Equity Partners** 

San Francisco, CA

Wellspring Capital Management, LLC

New York, NY

The Wicks Group of Companies, LLC

New York, NY

**Real Assets** 

**Almanac Realty Securities** 

New York, NY

**Blackstone Real Estate Partners** 

New York, NY

**CB Richard Ellis Strategic Partners, LP** 

Los Angeles, CA

The Carlyle Group

Washington, DC

Cerberus

New York, NY

DLJ Real Estate II, LP

New York, NY

Doughty Hanson & Co. European Real Estate Fund

London, England

**Heitman Capital Management, LLC** 

Chicago, IL

J.P. Morgan Strategic Property Fund

J.P. Morgan Special Situation Fund

New York, NY

**Landmark Partners** 

Simsbury, CT

Long Wharf Real Estate Partners, LLC

Boston, MA

**New Boston Fund VII** 

Boston, MA

O'Connor North American Property Partners II

New York, NY

**Olympus Real Estate Corporation** 

Addison, TX

**Prudential Real Estate Investors** 

Madison, NJ

**Rockwood Capital Real Estate Partners** 

New York, NY

Torchlight Debt Opportunity Fund (Cayman) II, LP Torchlight Debt Opportunity Fund III, LP

New York, NY

**UBS** Realty Investors

Hartford, CT

Westbrook Partners, LLC

Westbrook Funds II-V

Westbrook Funds IX

New York, NY

Farm Managers

**Halderman Farm Management** 

Wabash, IN

**UBS Agnvest** 

Dallas, TX

**Timberland** 

**BTG Pactual Timberland Investment Group** 

Atlanta, GA

**Direct Real Estate Partnerships** 

CRI - Cooper Real Estate Investment

Rogers, AR

Lindsey Management, Co. Inc.

Fayetteville, AR

**UBS Realty Services** 

Dallas, TX

**Alternative Investments** 

**Hedge Funds** 

**Anchorage Capital Group, LLC** 

New York. NY

**Breven Howard US, LLC** 

New York, NY

Capula Investment US, LP

Greenwich, CT

**Graham Capital Management, LP** 

Rowayton, CT

**York Capital Management** 

New York, NY





## Statement of Plan Net Position

As of June 30, 2014

ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 227,530,036
		<del></del>
Receivables		
Member contributions		8,835,710
Employer contributions		28,619,421
Investment principal		32,055,091
Accrued investment income		12,564,868
Other receivables		208,466
Total Receivables		82,283,556
Investments, at fair value		
US Government obligations		10,132,100
Domestic equities		2,559,532,226
International equities		805,210,265
Commingled funds		6,360,576,478
Corporate bonds		642,911,945
Asset and mortgage-backed securiti	es	20,223,718
Conventional mortgages		5,863,030
Alternative investments		4,069,649,494
Limited partnerships		33,603,168
Real estate		83,924,532
Investment derivative instruments		89,519
Total Investments		14,591,716,475
Securties lending collateral		685,242,332
Capital assets, net of accumulated depr	eciation	254,837
Other assets		96,824
TOTAL ASSETS		15,587,124,060
LIABILITIES		
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		14,846,484
Compensated absences payable		416,836
Post employment benefit liability		2,402,071
Investment principal payable		27,453,599
Securities lending obligations		685,728,402
TOTAL LIABILITIES		730,847,392
I O IAL LIADILITIES		130,041,392
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PR	NSION BENEFITS	\$14,856,276,668

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.



## Statement of Changes In Plan Net Position

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

ADDITIONS
-----------

Contributions		
Member	\$	125,225,906
Employer		404,920,440
Total Contributions		530,146,346
Investment income		
From investing activities:		2,353,330,159
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of assets Interest		51,157,458
Dividends		53,657,455
Real estate operating income		8,327,656
Total investment income (loss)	_	2,466,472,728
Less investment expense		40,707,696
Net investment income (loss)	_	2,425,765,032
From securities lending activities:		
Securities lending gross income		3,959,261
Less securities lending expense		639,748
Net securities lending income (loss)		3,319,513
Other income		249,552
	\ —	240,002
TOTAL ADDITIONS (LOSSES)		2,959,480,443
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits		914,250,015
Refunds of contributions		10,485,104
Administrative expenses	_	8,034,235
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		932,769,354
	_	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS		2,026,711,089
NET POSTION – BEGINNING OF YEAR		12,829,565,579
THE FOOTION DECIMALITY OF THE WAY	_	12,020,000,010
NET POSITION – END OF YEAR	\$	514,856,276,668

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.



June 30, 2014

## **NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

## A. Reporting Entity/History

Act 266 of 1937, as amended, established the Arkansas Teacher Retirement System (ATRS) as an office of Arkansas State government for the purpose of providing retirement benefits for employees of any school or other educational agency participating in ATRS. Act 427 of 1973, as amended, provided that the general administration of ATRS, responsibility for its proper operation, and responsibility for making effective the provisions of the Teacher Retirement law are vested in a 15-member Board of Trustees. The State Bank Commissioner, Treasurer of State, Auditor of State, and Commissioner of Education are ex-officio trustees. The remaining 11 trustees are elected and consist of seven active members of ATRS with at least five years of actual service, three retired members receiving an annuity from ATRS, and one active or retired member from a minority racial ethnic group. The seven active trustees consist of one member from each of the four congressional districts; two administrators, of which one must be a superintendent; and one member employed in a position that does not require state licensure. The trustees are elected in accordance with rules adopted by the Board. Board members serve as trustees without compensation but are reimbursed for any necessary expenses incurred to attend Board meetings or perform other duties authorized by the Board.

## **B. Plan Description**

ATRS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers employees of schools and education-related agencies, including Arkansas School for the Blind, Arkansas School for the Deaf, Arkansas Activities Association, State Board of Education, regional education service cooperatives, ATRS, Arkansas Educational Television Commission, area vocational-technical schools, Arkansas Rehabilitation Services, enterprises privatized by a public school district, and educational nonprofit organizations.

On June 30, 2014, the number of participating employers was as follows:

Public schools	255
State colleges and universities	40
State agencies	11
Other/privatized	30
Total	336

On June 30, 2014, ATRS's membership consisted of the following:

Retirees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits T-DROP participants Inactive plan members (not receiving benefits)	38,478 4,127 11,763
Active members Fully vested Non-vested	47,908 22,317
Total	124,593

Members are eligible for full retirement benefits at age 60 with five or more years of credited service or at any age with 28 or more years of credited service. Members with 25 years of credited service who have not attained age 60 may receive an annuity reduced by 5/12 of 1% multiplied by the number of months by which the early retirement precedes the earlier of (1) completion of 28 years of credited service or (2) attainment of age 60. The normal retirement benefit, paid monthly, is determined based on (1) the member's final average salary (effective April 1, 1998, computed using highest three years salary) and (2) the number of years of service.



June 30, 2014

## B. Plan Description (continued)

ATRS has contributory and noncontributory plans. The contributory plan has been in effect since the beginning of ATRS. The noncontributory plan became available July 1, 1986. Act 81 of 1999, effective July 1, 1999, requires all new members to be contributory and allowed active members as of July 1, 1999, until July 1, 2000, to make an irrevocable choice to be contributory or noncontributory. Act 93 of 2007 allows any noncontributory member to make an irrevocable election to become contributory on July 1 of each fiscal year.

Disability retirement benefits are payable to members who are vested and demonstrate total and permanent incapacity to perform the duties of their position while in active employment. The disability annuity is computed in the same manner as the age and service annuity.

Survivor benefits are payable to qualified survivors upon the death of an active, vested member. Eligible spouse survivors receive a survivor annuity that is based on the member's years of service credit prior to their death, and minor child survivors receive a percentage of the member's highest salary earned. ATRS also provides a lump sum death benefit for active and retired members with 10 years of actual service. The amount for contributory members will be up to \$10,000 and up to \$6,667 for noncontributory members. The amount will be prorated for members who have both contributory and noncontributory service. Members with 15 or more years of contributory service will receive the full \$10,000.

A cost of living adjustment (COLA) is payable on July 1 of each year to retirees, certain survivors, and annuity beneficiaries who received monthly benefits for the previous 12 months. The COLA is calculated by multiplying 100% of the member's base retirement annuity by 3%.

Act 1096 of 1995 created a teacher deferred retirement option plan (T-DROP) for members with 30 or more years of service credits. Act 1590 of 1999 allows for participation in the T-DROP after 28 years of credited service with a reduction of 6% for each year under 30 years. Effective September 1, 2003, Act 992 of 2003 requires employers to make contributions on behalf of all members participating in T-DROP at rates established by the Board of Trustees. Member election to enter T-DROP is irrevocable, and additional service credit cannot be accumulated. During participation in T-DROP, ATRS will credit the member account with plan deposits and interest. The plan deposits are the member's normal retirement benefit reduced by 1% for each year of service. For members who entered T-DROP prior to September 1, 2003, the reduction is 1/2 of 1% (.5%) for contributory service and 3/10 of 1% (.3%) for noncontributory service for each year above 30 years of service. The T-DROP account accrues interest at a variable rate that is set annually by the ATRS Board of Trustees. T-DROP deposits into member accounts cease at the completion of 10 years of participation in the program; however, a member may continue employment and will continue to receive interest on the account balance at the 10-year plus interest rate that is also set annually by the Board of Trustees. When T-DROP participation ceases, the member may receive the T-DROP distribution as a lump-sum cash payment or an annuity or may roll it over into another tax-deferred account. A member may also elect to defer all or part of the distribution into a T-DROP cash balance account held by ATRS.

## C. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances and changes therein, which are segregated to carry on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The following types of funds are recognized in the accompanying financial statements.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

*Trust and Agency Funds* – Trust and Agency Funds are used to report resources held by ATRS in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, other governmental units, and other funds. These include Pension Trust Funds, Employee Health Trust Funds, Investment Trust Funds, Private-Purpose Trust Funds, and Agency Funds. The specific activity accounted for at ATRS includes the following:

Arkansas Teacher Retirement System Fiduciary Pension Trust Fund





June 30, 2014

## D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized and reported in the financial statements. The economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting are used in Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Under the accrual basis, contributions and other revenues are recognized when they are earned, and benefits paid, refunds, and other expenses are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the provisions of law.

ATRS adopted Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB Statement) no. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans that replaces the requirements of GASB Statement no. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans and GASB Statement no. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to pension plans that are administered through trusts or similar arrangements meeting certain criteria. The requirements of this Statement will improve the usefulness of pension information included in financial reports for decision-making, assessment of accountability, and transparency by providing enhanced note disclosures and schedules of required supplementary information. GASB Statement no. 67 is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2013 (i.e., fiscal year 2014).

#### E. Federal Income Tax Status

During the year ended June 30, 2014, ATRS was a qualified plan under 26 USC § 401(a) and was exempt from federal income taxes under 26 USC § 501(a).

## F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include demand accounts, imprest accounts, cash on hand, cash in State Treasury, all certificates of deposit and short-term instruments with maturities at purchase of 90 days or less, and short-term investment fund (STIF) accounts. The STIF accounts are created through daily sweeps of excess cash by the custodial bank into bank-sponsored commingled funds that are invested in U.S. Government and agency securities and other short-term instruments. The STIF accounts had an average weighted maturity of 90 days or less. All short-term investments are stated at fair value.

## G. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased and in the custody of ATRS were recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. Assets with costs exceeding \$5,000 and an estimated useful life exceeding one year are reported at historical cost, including ancillary costs (such as professional fees and costs, freight costs, preparation or setup costs, and installation costs). Infrastructure or public domain fixed assets (such as roads, bridges, tunnels, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems) are also capitalized. Gifts or contributions are generally recorded in the accounts at fair market value at the time received. Depreciation is reported for capital assets based on a straight-line method, with no salvage value.

Estimated useful lives generally assigned are as follows:

Assets:	Years
Equipment	5-20
Buildings and building improvements	20-50
Infrastructure	10-30
Land improvements	10-40
Intangibles	4-99
Other capital assets	4-20



June 30, 2014

## G. Capital Assets (continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Fiduciary activities:				
Equipment	\$ 1,958,227	\$ 52,643	\$ 23,643	\$ 1,987,277
Less accumulated depreciation:	1,733,367	22,716	23,643	1,732,440
Fiduciary activities, net	\$ 224,910	\$ 29,927	\$ 0	\$ 254,837

## H. Deposits and Investments

#### **Deposits**

Deposits are carried at cost and consist of cash in bank, cash in State Treasury, and cash on deposit with investment managers. At June 30, 2014, these totals were \$30,305,277, \$1,979,889, and \$195,244,795, respectively. State Treasury Management Law governs the management of funds held in the State Treasury (cash in State Treasury), and the Treasurer of State is responsible for ensuring these funds are adequately insured and collateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, ATRS will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. ATRS's deposit policy is to place deposits in collateralized or insured accounts to manage the risk that deposits may not be returned. As of June 30, 2014, \$1,614,004 of ATRS's bank balance of \$30,328,268 was held in foreign bank accounts and was exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Investments

Ark. Code Ann. §§ 24-2-601 – 24-2-619 authorizes the ATRS Board of Trustees to have full power to invest and reinvest monies of ATRS and to hold, purchase, sell, assign, transfer, or dispose of any of the investments, or investment proceeds in accordance with the prudent investor rule. The Code also states ATRS shall seek to invest no less than 5% and no more than 10% of the ATRS portfolio in Arkansas-related investments, as long as the system's responsibility to invest in accordance with the prudent investor rule is not limited or impaired.



June 30, 2014

## H. Deposits and Investments (continued)

#### Investments (continued)

Each investment manager is required to invest within the specific guidelines and parameters set by the Board of Trustees. Asset allocation guidelines have been established as follows:

Asset Allocation	Minimum	Target	Maximum
Domestic Equity	15.0%	20.0%	25.0%**
Global Equity	25.0%	30.0%	35.0%
Fixed Income	15.0%	20.0%	25.0%
Alternatives	N/A*	5.0%	N/A*
Real Assets***	N/A*	15.0%	N/A*
Private Equity	N/A*	10.0%	N/A*
Cash Equivalents	0.0%	0.0%	5.0%

<sup>\*</sup>Due to the illiquid nature of alternatives, real assets, and private equity, it is not prudent to set rebalancing ranges for these asset classes.

Investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is determined using pricing services, when available; historical costs adjusted for market trends; independent third party appraisals; and independent brokers and industry experts. Publicly traded alternative investments are valued based on quoted market prices. When not readily available, alternative investment securities are valued based on good faith determination of the General Partner. Given the inherent nature of investments, it is reasonably possible that changes in the value of those investments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the Statement of Plan Net Position.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Additional allocations to domestic equity may be made beyond the maximum range to serve as a placeholder for unfunded and uncommitted alternatives, private equity, and real assets allocations.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Real assets include real estate, timber, agriculture, and infrastructure.



June 30, 2014

## H. Deposits and Investments (continued)

Investments (continued)

As of June 30, 2014, ATRS had the following investments and securities lending collateral:

Investment Type	Fair Value
U.S. Government obligations	\$ 10,132,100
Domestic equities	2,559,532,226
International equities	805,210,265
Commingled funds	6,360,576,478
Corporate bonds	642,911,945
Asset-backed securities	20,223,718
Conventional mortgages	5,863,030
Alternative investments	4,069,649,494
Limited partnerships	33,603,168
Real estate	83,924,532
Investment derivatives	89,519
Total investments	14,591,716,475
Securities Lending Collateral	_
Quality D short-term investment pool*	685,242,332
Total	\$15,276,958,807

<sup>\*</sup>Cash collateral received totaled \$685,728,402. The amount reported in the GASB 40 footnote above is the market value of the collateral received at June 30, 2014.

As of June 30, 2014, none of the system's investments (other than those issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government) were in any one organization that represented 5% or more of the pension plan's net position.

Rate of Return – For the year ended June 30, 2014, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 19.27%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments. Also, investments can be highly sensitive to changes in interest rates due to their terms or characteristics. ATRS does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increased interest rates.



June 30, 2014

## H. Deposits and Investments (continued)

#### Investments (continued)

The summary below indicates that 89% of ATRS's investment maturities are one year or longer.

			Investment Matu	rities (In Years)	
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1-5	6-10	More than 10
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 195,244,795	\$ 195,244,795			
U.S. Government obligations	10,132,100		\$ 10,132,100		
Commingled funds	1,725,400,086	57,972,048	904,695,201	\$ 697,995,330	\$ 64,737,507
Corporate bonds	642,911,945	33,779,158	249,325,831	186,173,866	173,633,090
Asset-backed securities	20,223,718		14,828,566	5,395,152	
Conventional mortgages	5,863,030		5,863,030		
Totals	\$ 2,599,775,674	\$ 286,996,001	\$1,184,844,728	\$ 889,564,348	\$238,370,597
Securities Lending Collateral	_				
Quality D short-term investment pool	\$ 685,242,332	\$ 666,993,645	\$ 18,248,687		

**Asset-Backed Securities** – As of June 30, 2014, ATRS held asset-backed securities with a fair value of \$20,223,718. These securities represent interests in various trusts consisting of pooled financial assets other than mortgage loans conveyed by the issuing parties. ATRS's ability to recover the amount of principal invested in these securities depends on the performance and quality of the trust assets. At June 30, 2014, ATRS held no asset-backed securities that were considered highly sensitive to changes in interest rates.

Corporate Bonds – As of June 30, 2014, ATRS held corporate bonds with a fair value of \$209,976,987. Corporate bonds are debt instruments that are issued by private corporations. They have a term maturity and can have either a fixed or variable interest rate. Variable interest rate bonds have adjustments that are made periodically and vary directly with movements in interest rates. At June 30, 2014, ATRS held no corporate bonds that were considered highly sensitive to changes in interest rates.

Convertible Corporate Bonds – As of June 30, 2014, ATRS held convertible bonds with a fair value of \$432,934,958. Convertible bonds convey an option to the bondholder to exchange each bond for a specified number of shares of common stock of the corporation. Convertible bonds offer lower coupon rates and promised yields to maturity than do nonconvertible bonds. A variable coupon varies directly with movements in interest rates. At June 30, 2014, ATRS held no convertible corporate bonds that were considered highly sensitive to changes in interest rates.

Credit Risk – Credit risk of investments is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty will not meet its obligation. This credit risk is measured by the credit quality of investments in debt securities as described by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. ATRS does not have a formal investment policy for credit risk.



June 30, 2014

## H. Deposits and Investments (continued)

Investments (continued)

ATRS's exposure to credit risk as rated by Standard and Poor's (S&P) and Moody's Investors Service as of June 30, 2014, was as follows:

Standar	Standard and Poor's Moody's Investors Service		nvestors Service
Rating	Fair Value	Rating	Fair Value
AAA	\$ 19,355,973	Aaa	\$ 26,600,949
AA	13,790,720	Aa	3,349,089
Α	59,551,092	Α	28,928,897
BBB	130,279,117	Baa	103,409,278
BB	137,586,572	Ва	81,106,249
В	72,311,645	В	52,000,781
CCC or below	11,390,905	Caa or below	1,214,438
Not Rated	2,155,509,650	Not Rated	2,303,165,993
Total	\$ 2,599,775,674	Total	\$ 2,599,775,674
Securities Lending Cash	n Collateral		
Not Rated	\$ 685,242,332	Not Rated	\$ 685,242,332

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty to a transaction, ATRS will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in ATRS's name, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in ATRS's name. ATRS does not have a formal investment policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2014, \$119,489 of ATRS investments was exposed to custodial credit risk.

**Concentration of Credit Risk** – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of ATRS's investment in a single issuer (not including investments issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, investments in mutual funds, or external investment pools). ATRS does not have a formal investment policy for concentration of credit risk. None of ATRS's investments in any one issuer (other than those issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government) represented more than 5% of total investments.

**Foreign Currency Risk** – Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. ATRS does not have a formal investment policy for foreign currency risk.



June 30, 2014

## H. Deposits and Investments (continued)

Investments (continued)

ATRS's exposure to foreign currency risk for investments and deposits at June 30, 2014, was as follows:

				Investments		
					Forward	Cash
Currency		Fair Value	Fixed Income	Equities	Contracts	Deposits
Australian Dollar	AUD	\$ 31,833,491	\$ 3,036,582	\$ 29,693,469	\$ (924,410)	\$ 27,850
Brazilian Real	BRL	20,356,396	6,885,468	13,470,928		
British Pound Sterling	GBP	217,748,167	953,625	215,759,059	298,791	736,692
Canadian Dollar	CAD	13,100,521		13,020,295		80,226
Chilean Peso	CLP	1,620,154	1,620,154			
Columbian Peso	COP	1,496,661	1,496,661			
Danish Krone	DKK	4,931,048		4,930,945		103
Emirati Dirham	AED	6,013,772		6,013,772		
Euro	EUR	163,054,532	5,531,860	163,199,508	(5,692,706)	15,870
Hong Kong Dollar	HKD	68,439,024		68,436,163	(16,354)	19,215
Indian Rupee	INR	3,512,142	2,971,177			540,965
Indonesian Rupiah	IDR	6,660,688		6,660,688		
Israeli Shekel	ILS	183				183
Japanese Yen	JPY	108,347,752		109,931,035	(1,837,284)	254,001
Mexican Peso	MXN	30,009,705	12,513,539	19,414,099	(1,937,055)	19,122
New Taiwan Dollar	TWD	8,110,572		8,110,572		
Norwegian Krone	NOK	4,578,242		4,572,075		6,167
Phillipine Peso	PHP	5,211,918	5,211,918			
Polish Zloty	PLN	2,141,064		2,141,064		
South African Rand	ZAR	2,076,209		2,076,209		
South Korean Won	KRW	10,932,409		11,031,242		(98,833)
Swedish Krona	SEK	36,053,311		36,041,019		12,292
Swiss Franc	CHF	62,828,750		86,822,780	(23,994,180)	150
Turkish Lira	TRY	3,885,345		3,885,345		
Totals		\$812,942,056	\$40,220,984	\$805,210,267	\$(34,103,198)	\$1,614,003

For Forward Currency Contracts in the schedule above, a positive number represents the market value of contracts to purchase that currency in excess of the market value of contracts to sell that currency. A negative number therefore represents the market value of contracts to sell foreign currency in excess of contracts to purchase that currency.



June 30, 2014

## H. Deposits and Investments (continued)

#### Investments (continued)

Forward Currency Contracts – ATRS enters into various currency contracts to manage exposure of foreign portfolio holdings to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. A forward exchange contract is a commitment to purchase or sell a foreign currency at a future date at a negotiated forward rate. Risks associated with such contracts include movement in the value of the foreign currency relative to the U.S. dollar and the ability of the counterparty to perform. The contracts are valued at forward exchange rates, and the changes in value of open contracts are recognized as unrealized appreciation/depreciation in the statement of changes in plan net position. The realized gain or loss on closed forward currency contracts represents the difference between the value of the original contracts and the closing value of such contracts and is included in net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments in the statement of changes in plan net position. At June 30, 2014, ATRS had outstanding forward exchange currency contracts to purchase foreign currencies with contract amounts of \$5,394,915 and market values of \$5,420,927, resulting in a net gain of \$26,012. Outstanding forward exchange currency contracts to sell foreign currencies with contract amounts of \$39,587,632 had market values of \$39,524,125, resulting in a net gain of \$63,507.

**Derivatives** – Derivative instruments are financial contracts or agreements whose values depend on the values of one or more underlying assets, reference rates, and/or financial indexes. Derivative instruments include futures contracts, forward contracts, swap contracts, options contracts, and forward foreign currency exchange. ATRS investment guidelines state that derivatives may be used to reduce the risk in a portfolio but should not be used to create a position of leverage or substantially increase the risk of the overall portfolio. Futures and options should be matched by cash or cash equivalent securities, and all short futures positions should be matched by equivalent long security positions. Each investment manager's derivative usage is specified in the investment management agreement or specific guidelines. As of June 30, 2014, ATRS held rights and warrants with a fair value of \$4,850 and \$26,666, respectively.



June 30, 2014

## H. Deposits and Investments (continued)

#### Investments (continued)

The fair value balances and notional amounts of derivative instruments outstanding at June 30, 2014, classified by type, and the changes in fair value of such derivative instruments for the year then ended, as reported in the 2014 financial statements, are as follows:

	Changes in F	air Va	alue	Fair Value at J	une 30	ne 30, 2014			
	Classification		Amount	Classification	Ar	nount		Notio	onal
Fiduciary funds Investment derivative instruments:									
Foreign currency forwards	Investment revenue	\$	(2,958)	Investments	\$	(2,958)	AUD		979,403
	Investment revenue		63	Investments			BRL		
	Investment revenue		(146)	Investments			CAD		
	Investment revenue		(10,387)	Investments		(10,387)	CHF		21,781,000
	Investment revenue		(801,427)	Investments		99,573	EUR		6,973,312
	Investment revenue		(18,746)	Investments		(11,953)	GBP		386,462
	Investment revenue		4	Investments		(1)	HKD		126,751
	Investment revenue		(6,416)	Investments		(3,649)	JPY	1	86,126,030
	Investment revenue		(7,118)	Investments		(7,118)	MXN		25,129,420
	Investment revenue		9,416	Investments		26,012	USD		5,394,915
		\$_	(837,715)		\$	89,519			
Rights	Investment revenue	\$	(10,283)	Investments	\$	4,850		\$	17,622
Warrants	Investment revenue	\$	2,641,806	Investments	\$	26,666		\$	154,560

Securities Lending Transactions – Arkansas Code Annotated and Board policy permit ATRS to participate in a securities lending program administrated by State Street Bank (the "Custodian"). The Custodian enters into agreements with broker-dealers or other entities to loan securities for collateral and have the same securities redelivered in the future. There were no restrictions on the dollar amount of securities loaned by ATRS. Securities on loan to participating brokers at year-end include U.S. Government securities, corporate securities, and international securities. Brokers who borrow the securities provide cash or other collateral, including securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government. Collateral must be provided in the amount of at least 100% of the market value of the loaned securities. ATRS cannot pledge or sell collateral securities received unless the borrower defaults. The cash collateral received on each loan is invested in a collective investment fund comprised of a liquidity pool and a duration pool. As of June 30, 2014, the liquidity pool had an average duration of 37.40 days and an average weighted final maturity of 103.71 days for USD collateral. The duration pool had an average duration of 41.80 days and an average weighted final maturity of 1,770.33 days for USD collateral. Because the loans were terminable at will, their duration did not generally match the duration of the investments made with cash collateral. At year-end, ATRS had no credit risk exposure to borrowers due to the custodian's indemnification.



June 30, 2014

## H. Deposits and Investments (continued)

#### Investments (continued)

Securities Lending Transactions (continued) – The Custodian indemnified ATRS by agreeing to purchase replacement securities, or return cash collateral in the event a borrower failed to return a loaned security or failed to pay the trust funds for income of the securities while on loan. No borrowers failed to return loaned securities or pay distributions during the year. Investments made with cash collateral appear as an asset on the Statement of Plan Net Position. Corresponding liabilities are recorded, as ATRS must return the cash collateral to the borrower upon expiration of the loan. ATRS is exposed to investment risk, including the possible loss of principal value in the cash collateral pool, due to fluctuation in the market value of the assets held by the cash collateral pool. As of June 30, 2014, the fair value of the cash collateral exceeded the net asset value (NAV) by \$486,070.

#### I. Contributions and Reserves

#### Contributions

ATRS's funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at statutorily established rates based on annual actuarial valuations. The employer contribution rate was 14% for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014. Contributory members are required to contribute 6% of gross wages to ATRS. Employee contributions are refundable if ATRS-covered employment terminates before a monthly benefit is payable. Employee contributions remaining on deposit with ATRS for a period of one or more years earn interest credits, which are included in the refund.

#### Reserves

In accordance with the provisions of Ark. Code Ann. § 24-7-405, ATRS must maintain reserve accounts showing net assets available for benefits. At June 30, 2014, the reserve accounts were funded at a level that complied with the code provisions.

The reserve balances at June 30, 2014, are as follows:

	Total
Members' deposit account reserve	\$9,042,395,389
Employers' accumulation account reserve	(3,346,283,776)
Retirement reserve	8,494,545,203
Teacher deferred retirement option plan account reserve	565,595,031
Survivor benefit account reserve	89,774,642
Income – expense account reserve	10,250,179
Total	\$14,856,276,668

The Code provisions define each of the reserve accounts as follows:

Members' Deposit Account Reserve – The account in which members' contributions shall be accumulated with regular interest and from which shall be made transfers and refunds of contributions.

**Employers' Accumulation Account Reserve** – The account in which shall be accumulated the employer's contributions to ATRS and from which shall be made transfers as provided in the code.

**Retirement Reserve** – The account from which shall be paid all annuities and benefits in lieu of annuities payable as provided in this act to retirants who retired on account of superannuation or disability and to beneficiaries of such retirants.



June 30, 2014

## I. Contributions and Reserves (continued)

#### Reserves (continued)

**Teacher Deferred Retirement Option Plan Account Reserve** – The account in which shall be accumulated plan deposits made on behalf of the member with plan interest.

Survivor Benefit Account Reserve - The account from which shall be paid survivor benefits payable as provided in this act.

**Income – Expense Account Reserve** – The account to which shall be credited all investment income from invested assets of ATRS. It shall also be the account in which shall be accumulated the contributions made by employers for the administrative expenses of ATRS, from which shall be made annual transfers of interest credits and excess amounts to the other accounts of ATRS, and from which shall be paid all the expenses of the Board necessary for the administration and operation of ATRS.

## J. Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the participating employers at June 30, 2014, were as follows:

Total pension liability \$17,481,282,947
Plan net position (14,856,276,668)
Net pension liability \$2,625,006,279
Plan net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 84.98%

Actuarial Assumptions – The total liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Wage inflation rate 3.25%
Salary increases 3.25 – 9.10%
Investment rate of return 8.00%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Males and Females projected 25 years with Scale AA (95% for men and 87% for women).

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were adopted by the plan's trustees after considering input from the plan's investment consultant and actuary. For each major asset class that is included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:



June 30, 2014

## J. Net Pension Liability (continued)

Asset Allocation	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	20.00%	4.7%
Global Equity	30.00%	5.0%
Fixed Income	20.00%	2.0%
Alternatives	5.00%	5.0%
Real Assets	15.00%	4.6%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.6%
Cash Equivalents	0.00%	1.2%
	100.000/	

100.00%

Single Discount Rate – A single discount rate of 8.0% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 8.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be 14% of payroll. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	Sensitivity of the Net	Pension Liability to the Sir	ngle Discount Rate
	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
	7.00%	8.00%	9.00%
Net Pension Liability	\$4,696,376,842	\$2,625,006,279	\$882,285,198

## NOTE 2: Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

GASB 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB), requires that OPEB expense of fiduciary funds be recognized on the accrual basis in the fund financial statements. The 2014 liability of \$2,402,071 is a prorated amount from the Department of Finance and Administration based on a state-wide actuarial study. The amount allocated to ATRS is based on budgeted employees of ATRS and is composed of (1) the annual required contribution (ARC), which is the normal cost and 1/30 of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL), (2) one year's interest on the net OPEB, (3) adjustments to the ARC to offset the effect of actuarial amortization of past under or over contributions, (4) minus actual contributions. The State of Arkansas 2014 CAFR will contain the complete OPEB footnote required by GASB 45.

## **NOTE 3: Required Supplementary Schedules**

Detailed historical information about the pension liabilities for which the pension plan's assets are being held and managed and the significant assumptions used to measure these liabilities are required supplementary information. This required supplementary information, prepared in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement no. 67, is included immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

# **FINANCIAL**



## Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

For the 10-year period ended June 30, 2014 (EXPRESSED IN MILLIONS)

	2014	2013* 2012*	2011* 2010*	2009* 2008*	2007* 2006* 2005*
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Changes in benefit terms Difference between actual and expected experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments Refunds	\$326,999,276 1,326,709,192 (27,405,705)				
NET CHANGE IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY – BEGINNING OF YE TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY – END OF YEAR (A)				==	
PLAN NET POSITION Contributions – employer Contributions – member Net investment income Benefit payments Refunds Administrative expense Deferred retirement option distributions Other	\$404,920,440 125,225,906 2,429,334,097 (914,250,015) (10,485,103) (8,034,236) 0				
NET CHANGE IN PLAN NET POSITION PLAN NET POSITION – BEGINNING OF YEAR PLAN NET POSITION – END OF YEAR (B)	2,026,711,089 12,829,565,579 \$14,856,276,668				===
NET PENISON LIABILITY – END OF YEAR (A) –	(B) \$2,625,006,279				
Plan net position as a percentage of total pension liability Covered employee payroll Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	84.98% \$2,850,860,174 92.08%				

<sup>\*</sup> ATRS is only required to present those years for which information is available until the full 10-year trend is completed.



## **Schedule of Contributions**

For the 10-year period ended June 30, 2014 (EXPRESSED IN MILLIONS)

	2014	2013*	2012*	2011*	<u>2010</u> *	2009*	2008*	2007*	2006*	2005*
Actuarially determined contribution Actual contribution	\$485,904,529 404,920,440		_	_			_			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$80,984,089	_		=	_		=		_	=
Covered employee payroll	\$2,850,860,174									
Actual contribution as a percentage of covered employee payroll	14.20%									

<sup>\*</sup> ATRS is only required to present those years for which information is available until the full 10-year trend is completed.



## Schedule of Investment Returns

For the 10-year period ended June 30, 2014 (EXPRESSED IN MILLIONS)

"Annual money-weighted rate of return"

2005\*
2006\*
2007\*
2008\*
2009\*
2010\*
2011\*
2012\*
2013\*
2014
19.27%

<sup>\*</sup> ATRS is only required to present those years for which information is available until the full 10-year trend is completed.



## Notes to Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Information Related to Required Supplementary Schedules

#### A. Changes in benefit terms

There was a benefit change recognized during the year reflecting an increase in the T-DROP reduction factor from 0.6% to 1.0%.

#### B. Changes in assumptions

There were no significant changes in assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2014.

#### C. Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions

Valuation date: June 30, 2014

The actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30 of every year, which is one year prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the schedule of contributions:

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Amortization period 30 years

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market for funding purposes; 20% corridor

Wage inflation 3.25%

Salary increases 3.25% to 9.10%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 8.00%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for

the 2011 valuation pursuant to an experience study for the period July 1, 2005 - June 30, 2010.

Mortality RP-2000 Mortality Table for males and females projected 25 years with scale AA (95% for men and 87%

for women)



## Schedule of Selected Information

For the five-year period ended June 30, 2014

For the Year Ended June 30,	, 2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Total Assets	\$15,587,124,060	\$13,661,085,708	\$12,308,539,664	\$13,084,936,822	\$10,840,633,691
Total Liabilities	730,847,392	831,520,129	824,654,155	1,190,059,483	957,059,693
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits	14,856,276,668	12,829,565,579	11,483,885,509	11,894,877,339	9,883,573,998
Total Additions (Losses)	2,959,480,443	2,210,733,616	397,831,220	2,759,624,841	1,756,313,878
Total Deductions	932,769,354	865,053,546	808,823,050	748,321,500	715,948,536





February 18, 2015

AON

Board of Trustees Arkansas Teacher Retirement System 1400 West Third Avenue Little Rock, AR 72201

#### Market Overview

As we entered the 2014 fiscal year, market sentiment was largely influenced by potential actions of the U.S. Federal Reserve (Fed). The Fed's comments in May 2013 of plans to begin tapering its large asset purchasing program, referred to as QE (Quantitative Easing), sent markets into a quick frenzy. However, the Fed's reassurance of continued support as long as it was needed, including the actual tapering beginning later than expected, sent markets climbing to start the 2014 fiscal year. Investors" nerves were also tested on the uncertainty surrounding the succession of Federal Reserve Chairman Ben Bernanke, as he announced his intentions to step down at the end of his term. Janet Yellen's nomination and ultimate appointment appeared to provide markets comfort, which elevated equity markets even higher. Despite a host of events with the potential to stall markets, including the government shutdown, disputes over the debt ceiling, and the actual start of winding down QE, positive sentiment persisted, and markets continued their climb upwards in the first half of the fiscal year. There was some hesitation in this upward march due to challenging winter weather conditions in early 2014, concerns surrounding slower GDP growth, and geopolitical uncertainties, specifically the tensions between Russia and Ukraine. However, it wasn't enough to prevent most equity markets to continue their move upwards. The year ended with a strong quarter as economic data showed signs of improvement and central banks around the globe continued to provide stimulus support.

The "risk-on" mentality and resiliency to negative news throughout the year produced extremely strong equity market returns. Global equity markets continued to add to the now five-year rally with the support of stimulus from central banks across the globe and the slow, yet mostly steady, improvement in economic data. Domestic equity markets trended up over the year, posting a 25.0% return. Developed international equity markets performed similarly, with a return of 23.6%. Emerging equity markets, being more sensitive to the tapering news and economic data, were among the weaker equity market performers, although still posted a return of 14.3% over the year. The broad U.S. fixed income market was fairly steady, but also posted a positive, albeit modest, return of 3.5%. The modest change in the yield on the 10-Year U.S. Treasury masked the volatility experienced over the period. The 10-Year yield ended the year at 2.5%, mostly unchanged from the start of the period, although it spiked to 3.0% on two separate occasions reacting to news out of the Federal Open Market Committee meetings.

#### Overview of ATRS Fund Structure

The ATRS portfolio continues to be well diversified across several asset classes, including U.S. equity, global equity, fixed income, alternative investments, real assets, and private equity. The asset allocation is a long-term Policy determined through periodic asset-liability studies and assessments of risk and liquidity needs. The latest asset-liability study, completed in April 2012, supported a 20% allocation to fixed income and an 80% allocation across public equities, alternatives, real assets (including real estate, timber, agriculture, and infrastructure), and private equity. Within these asset classes, the investments are further diversified across investment types, styles, regions, and vintage years. A variety of investment firms are employed within each category to minimize manager- and firm-specific risks. We continue to believe the diversification and overall risk level of the portfolio is appropriate given the goals and objectives of the ATRS.

At the start of the 2014 fiscal year, the System adopted a modified asset allocation that effectively re-organized the existing ATRS investments into better like-performing buckets. ATRS added the "Real Assets" category to the Investment Policy, which now includes Real Estate, Timber, Agriculture, and Infrastructure. The "Total Other Alternatives" asset class has been renamed "Opportunistic/Alternatives" and going forward will house alternative investment funds and other opportunistic investments. All other asset classes remained the same. The Investment Policy Statement has been updated to reflect the changes noted above and provides additional detail on the composition, parameters, and objectives of the newly defined asset classes. Additionally, a Real Assets Investment Policy was created that provides additional guidelines on Real Estate, Timber, Agriculture, and Infrastructure. The new Policy took effect in the first quarter of fiscal year 2014, and therefore there is one year's worth of performance through June 2014.

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Additionally, throughout the 2014 fiscal year, there were modest adjustments made to the underlying structure of the ATRS investment portfolio. In aggregate, there were five new investment managers hired across U.S. equity, global equity, and fixed income. Four of the strategies that were added replaced existing strategies due to adverse organizational and personnel changes at those firms. Aside from the aforementioned manager changes, the investment structure remained largely unchanged. We continue to regularly review the portfolio allocation, structure, and manager line-up and evaluate additional types of strategies in order to best position the fund for continued growth and downside protection.

## ATRS Performance Overview (Annualized Returns)

	1 Year End	ing 6/30/14	3 Year End	ing 6/30/14	5 Year Ending 6/30/14		
	Return	Rank	Return	Rank	Return	Rank	
Total Fund	19.0%	7	10.4%	29	13.3%	25	
Performance Benchmark	18.3	16	11.1	7	13.6	18	
Total U.S. Equity	25.6	28	14.3	91	19.8	28	
DJ U.S. Total Stock Market Index	25.0	48	16.4	27	19.4	42	
Total Global Equity	25.3	34	10.4	63	14.3	61	
MSCI ACW Index	22.9	54	10.3	64	14.3	62	
Total Fixed Income	6.1	48	5.0	48	7.8	30	
Performance Benchmark	5.2	73	4.2	79	5.6	85	
Total Opportunistic/Alternatives	10.2	_	7.2	_	_	-	
Custom Alternatives Benchmark	6.3	_	3.0	_	_	_	
Total Real Assets*	9.0	_	_	_	_	-	
Total Real Assets Benchmark	11.4	_	_	_	_	_	
Total Private Equity*	20.6	_	15.1	_	13.1	_	
Private Equity Policy	_	_	16.9	_	24.4	_	

<sup>\*</sup>ATRS private market investment and benchmark returns are reported on a one-quarter lagged basis.

The System's Total Fund assets grew by approximately \$1.8 billion over the 2014 fiscal year, ending the year with \$14.6 billion in assets. The growth in assets was primarily due to strong investment earnings over the year which amounted to \$2.4 billion. The Total Fund returned 19.0% over the year, benefiting from the strong public equity returns over the period. On a relative basis, the Total Fund outperformed its Performance Benchmark and ranked in the top decile of the Public Fund Universe for the year. Longer-term performance is also strong, as the Total Fund returned an annualized 10.4% over the three-year period and 13.3% over the five-year period, and ranked in the top guartile of the Public Fund Universe over both time periods.

The U.S. equity asset class posted an exceptional 25.6% return during the 2014 fiscal year and outperformed the broad U.S. market's return of 25.0%, as represented by the Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index. Active management was mostly favorable during the year, with small cap manager, Kennedy Capital Management, and activist manager, Relational Investors, providing the greatest relative performance by outperforming their benchmarks by 6.9 and 16.6 percentage points, respectively. During the year, ATRS added the Allianz Structured Alpha 500 fund to the U.S. equity portfolio. The fund is similar to the existing Allianz Structured Alpha 250 fund, but seeks a greater return through higher levels of tracking error. The Allianz Structured Alpha 250 fund has produced excess returns over the one-, three-, and five-year periods, and we expect similar results from the new strategy as well. Total U.S. equity's long-term performance continues to be favorable, returning an annualized 19.8% over the five-year period and outperforming its performance benchmark. Additionally, the U.S. equity asset class has performed well relative to peers, ranking 28th in the BNY Mellon Performance & Risk Analytics' Public Fund U.S. equity asset class universe over both the one- and five-year time periods.

The global equity asset class also provided strong returns over the fiscal year, returning 25.3% and outperforming its benchmark by 2.4 percentage points. With the exception of a single manager, which was terminated at the beginning of the fiscal year, each active manager outperformed their respective benchmarks. At the end of the fiscal year, ATRS hired two active global equity strategies, GMO Global All Country Equity and Harris Global Equity, to replace the terminated manager and to gain additional active risk within the asset class. Both managers provide strong diversification benefits to the ATRS equity portfolio and are experienced with proven track records. Longer-term performance is also favorable, as global equity returned an annualized 10.4% and 14.3% over the three- and five-year periods, respectively, and performed in line with its performance benchmark.





Total fixed income returned 6.1% during the fiscal year and outperformed its performance benchmark by 0.9 percentage points. The fixed income asset class includes several core-plus and opportunistic strategies that have performed well over the one-year period. Loomis Sayles provided the greatest contribution to total fixed income's outperformance with a 12.0% return over the year relative to its benchmark return of 6.8%. Two investment managers were hired at the end of the fiscal year to replace two strategies managed by Western Asset Management which were previously closed. Wellington Global Total Return II, an absolute return strategy, and the Reams Core Plus Bond fund were funded in May 2014. Over the long term, total fixed income has outperformed its performance benchmark, returning an annualized 5.0% and 7.8% over the trailing three- and five-year periods, respectively. Additionally, total fixed income has ranked in the top half of the BNY Mellon Performance & Risk Analytics' Public Fund Fixed Income peer group over the one-, three-, and five-year periods.

The opportunistic/alternatives asset class returned 10.2% during the fiscal year and meaningfully outperformed its performance benchmark by 3.9 percentage points. The hedge fund managers are well diversified and have performed well, as all but one outperformed its benchmark over the year. We continue to identify and evaluate additional active alternative strategies for this asset class with the objective of improving the risk/return characteristics of the System's investments.

Total real assets returned 9.0% during the fiscal year, modestly lagging its performance benchmark return of 11.4%. As a reminder, the real assets category was created at the beginning of the fiscal year and now includes real estate, timber, agriculture, and infrastructure. Real estate, comprising nearly 75% of the real assets category, drove the returns over the year. Real estate returned 12.1% during the fiscal year and trailed the NCREIF ODCE Index return of 12.7%. Approximately 65% of ATRS's real estate portfolio is invested in core investments, characterized as high quality and typically more conservative properties, which has been a meaningful driver of relative performance. Over the three-year period, total real estate returned an annualized 9.9%. The timber portfolio returned a -1.1% over the fiscal year compared to 7.7% for the NCREIF Timberland Index. However, over the five-year period, the timber portfolio returned 0.4% relative to the Index return of 0.9%. The housing downturn was the primary reason for the timber industry's poor five-year return. The agriculture portfolio is in the portfolio construction stage with only 75% of the outstanding commitment invested, resulting in performance figures that are not as meaningful. That being said, the total agriculture returned 11.0% compared to the NCREIF Agriculture Index of 12.8% for the fiscal year. Infrastructure commitments have yet to be invested, hence no performance is available.

The System's private equity investments posted a strong absolute return during fiscal year 2014 of 20.6%. Due to the long-term nature of private equity, performance benchmark returns are not shown for periods less than three-years. While the private equity portfolio has modestly underperformed its benchmark over the three- and five-year periods, it has posted double-digit, positive returns of 15.1% and 13.1%, respectively, and is positioned to do well going forward.

Overall, we continue to have confidence in the ATRS portfolio structure. It is a pleasure to be of service to the ATRS.

Sincerely,

Patrick J. Kelly, CFA, CAIA

Partner



#### **Investment Policies and Procedures**

Amended October 4, 2010 Amended February 7, 2011 Amended June 3, 2013 Amended October 7, 2013 Amended February 17, 2014

## Statement of Investment Policy

This Investment Policy has been prepared within the context of applicable Arkansas laws and is intended to allow for sufficient flexibility in the investment process to capture opportunities, yet ensure that both prudence and care are maintained in the execution of the investment program. While safety of principal is given primary consideration, the Arkansas Teacher Retirement System Board of Trustees, hereinafter "Board" may take appropriate levels of risk to earn higher levels of investment return.

The Board has arrived at this policy through careful study of the rates of return and risks associated with various investment strategies in relation to the current and projected liabilities of the Arkansas Teacher Retirement System, hereinafter, "the System". This policy has been chosen as the most appropriate for achieving the financial objectives of the System. The policy will be reviewed periodically as circumstances dictate.

The Board has adopted a long-term investment horizon so that the chances and duration of investment losses are carefully weighed against the long-term potential for appreciation of assets. The assets of the System will be invested in a manner that provides the safeguards and diversity to which a prudent investor would adhere. All transactions undertaken on behalf of the System will be in the sole interest of the members of the System.

To achieve the overall investment goal of the System, one or more investment consultants may be retained by the Board as investment advisors. The scope of duties, together with the terms and conditions of engagement, of any investment consultant will be set forth in a contract approved by the Board. Throughout this document, investment advisors are referred to as investment consultants.

The System shall manage those assets not specifically allocated to investment managers. No investment shall be made without an investment consultant's recommendation.

#### Standard of Care

The standard of care for the Board and Executive Director of the assets of the System is: when investing and reinvesting trust assets and in acquiring, retaining, managing, and disposing of investments of the trust assets, there shall be exercised the reasonable care, skill, and caution that a prudent investor would use after considering the purposes, terms, distribution requirements, and other circumstances of the trust. Investment and management decisions respecting individual assets shall be evaluated not in isolation but in the context of the trust portfolio as a whole and as a part of an overall investment strategy having risk and return objectives reasonably suited to the trust. The investments of the trust shall be diversified unless the Board reasonably determines that, because of special circumstances, the purposes of the trust are better served without diversifying. The trust assets shall be invested and managed solely in the interest of the members and benefit recipients of the trust. The trust assets shall be invested in a manner to only incur costs that are appropriate and reasonable in relation to the assets and purposes of the investment. Compliance with the standard of care is determined in light of facts and circumstances at the time of action, not in hindsight.

Investment and management functions may be delegated to an investment agent that a prudent trustee of comparable skills could properly delegate under the circumstances. When making such delegation, the Board shall establish the scope and terms of the delegation, consistent with the purposes and terms of the trust, and shall monitor the investment agent performance and compliance with the terms of the delegation. In performing a delegated function, an investment agent owes a duty to the System and the trust to exercise reasonable care to comply with the terms of the delegation. In addition, the Executive Director may delegate certain duties to the System's investment staff without relieving the Executive Director from the ultimate responsibility.

Each party serving in a fiduciary capacity for the trust shall apply the standard of care set forth herein.



#### Asset Allocation

The Board is responsible for the prudent investment of funds and to maintain a proper allocation of the System's investment assets. The Board, in conjunction with its investment consultants, shall set and adjust the System's asset allocation ranges as necessary to provide an optimal allocation to obtain its target returns. The general investment consultant shall notify the Executive Director and the Board when an asset liability modeling study should be undertaken. It shall be the goal of the System to maintain the following asset allocation targets and ranges:

Asset Category	Minimum*	Target	Maximum*
Domestic Equity	15.0	20.0%	25.0%**
Global Equity	25.0	30.0	35.0
Fixed Income	15.0	20.0	25.0
Opportunistic/Alternatives	N/A	5.0	N/A
Real Assets***	N/A	15.0	N/A
Private Equity	N/A	10.0	N/A
Cash Equivalents	0.0	0.0	5.0

- \* Due to the illiquid nature of opportunistic/alternatives, real assets, and private equity, it is not prudent to set rebalancing ranges for these asset classes.
- \*\* Additional allocations to domestic equity may be made beyond the maximum range to serve as a placeholder for unfunded and uncommitted opportunistic/alternatives, real assets, and private equity.
- \*\*\* Real assets includes real estate, timber, agriculture, and infrastructure.

#### Rebalancing

The asset allocation ranges established by the Board represent the Board's judgment of a portfolio mix that provides the greatest risk/return value. Allowing the portfolio to exceed the Board limits strays from the financial discipline, which the Board believes will – over time – provide the appropriate risk-adjusted return to the System.

The Executive Director is responsible for rebalancing the allowable asset classes and the individual portfolios if any of the asset classes falls outside of the designated range. The general investment consultant shall provide guidance and advice to the Executive Director to best achieve the rebalancing. The Executive Director and general investment consultant will monitor the asset values by classification for each asset manager on a monthly basis, based on month-end data provided by the custodial bank. The Executive Director and general investment consultant shall regularly inform the Board on the rebalancing pacing and strategy.

Whenever the minimum or maximum range of domestic equity, global equity, or fixed income has been exceeded, a transfer of funds or other appropriate action will occur to bring the actual allocation within the prescribed range within a time frame determined to be prudent by the Executive Director in consultation with the general investment consultant.

Normal plan cash flows should be used to the extent possible to rebalance. Interest, dividends, and plan contributions should be used to the extent possible to fund asset classes that are below their target. Withdrawals should be made from asset classes that are above their target.

#### Investment Manager Selection

In order to implement its investment strategy, the System will use individual investment managers. Arkansas Code § 24-3-401 et seq. requires ATRS to always operate under the prudent investor rule. The prudent investor rule requires all investment decisions to be made based on the experience of management, rates of return, appropriate risk, reasonable cost, and all other relevant factors that should be used by prudent investors.

It is the policy of the Board to include, whenever appropriate, qualified minority-owned and women-owned business enterprises in the System's investment manager selection process and to objectively evaluate all qualified investment manager candidates regardless of race, gender, or disability.



The Board will evaluate all qualified investment manager candidates with emphasis on demonstrated professional performance, organizational depth, institutional investment management capability, and reasonableness of fee structure regardless of the amount of investment assets under management or the age of the investment management firm.

The Board will use professional consultants that do not use discriminatory practices in the creation and maintenance of their investment manager databases and will require the investment consultants to affirm their use of non-discriminatory practices when recommending investment manager candidates to the Board.

#### Goals

Recognizing the purpose of the System is to remain actuarially sound and pay member benefits, the overall investment goal is to achieve, over a period of years, the greatest rate of return for the System with due consideration given to preserving capital and its purchasing power, and to maintain an appropriate level of risk consistent with the obligations of a prudent investor. The return of the System should exceed, net of fees, a policy benchmark comprised of the respective asset class benchmarks weighted by the asset class policy targets over a full market cycle (approximately five years). During periods of transition to and from non-marketable and illiquid asset classes such as private equity and real assets, actual allocations may be used over extended periods to reflect these changes in the policy targets. Periodic performance reports will provide a detailed description of the policy benchmark composition over time.

The System's actuary sets an expected return based on the Board's policy decisions. Market cycles may result in the System earning a return materially above or below the actuarial rate of return for extended periods of time. Therefore, the actuarial rate of return will not be used for performance comparison purposes.

#### **Domestic Equity**

The goal for domestic equity investments shall be to achieve a total rate of return that will exceed, net of all fees and costs, the return of the aggregate domestic equity market as measured by the Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index over a full market cycle (approximately five years).

#### Global Equity

The goal for global equity investments shall be to achieve a total rate of return that will exceed, net of all fees and costs, the return of the aggregate global equity market as measured by the Morgan Stanley Capital International (MSCI) All Country World Index over a full market cycle (approximately five years).

#### Total Equity

The total equity exposure of the portfolio is designed to be viewed in aggregate and shall be well diversified with broad exposures to small, mid, and large capitalization companies, growth and value style sectors, as well as U.S. and non-U.S. markets. The manager structure of the combined equity portfolio (domestic and global) should resemble the weighted average of their respective benchmarks and avoid any material biases due to a concentration of managers or management styles. To achieve this goal, the Board may employ various actively managed and passive mandates. The structure of the equity components will be analyzed annually to ensure proper diversification is achieved.

#### **Fixed Income**

The manager structure of the aggregate fixed income portfolio's risk exposure should resemble the aggregate domestic fixed income market as measured by the Barclays U.S. Universal Bond Index. To help achieve this goal, the Board will employ investment managers that invest assets in a broad array of sectors (government, mortgage backed, credits, asset backed, and commercial mortgage backed bonds), maturities, and credit qualities so that the overall portfolio structure is not materially different from that of the domestic and global fixed income markets. To provide a broad base of low-cost diversification and readily available liquidity, the Board may allocate a portion of the fixed income assets to a passive investment portfolio that approximates the return of the broad fixed income market.

The goal for fixed income investments shall be to achieve a total rate of return that will exceed, net of all costs and fees, the return of the Barclays U.S. Universal Bond Index over a full market cycle (approximately five years).



#### Opportunistic/Alternative Investments

The Opportunistic/Alternatives asset class may include investments in direct hedge funds, hedge fund of funds, commodities, currency mandates, and other alternative strategies that are not closely correlated or related to the traditional asset classes (fixed income, equities, private equity, and real assets). Unique investments that do not fit within the other asset class categories may also be included in the Opportunistic/Alternative category at the Board's discretion.

Because this category may include illiquid investments made through closed end investment partnerships, it may take a period of time to reach the target allocation of 5%. Assets will be invested in the U.S. equity asset class until the total target is attained.

The benchmark for the category will be a weighted average of the benchmarks of the underlying strategies.

The goal of the credit, global macro, and other liquid alternative investments shall be to achieve a total rate of return that will exceed, net of all fees and costs, the return of the appropriate institutional quality hedge fund index over a full market cycle (approximately five years). Appropriate benchmarks will be determined as investments are added to the portfolio.

#### Real Assets

The Real Asset category may include real estate, timber, agriculture, and infrastructure. While no fixed targets are set, the following general parameters have been identified:

- 10% Real Estate
- · 2% Timber
- 1% Agriculture
- · 2% Infrastructure

The total target of the asset class will be 15%. Because this category may include illiquid investments made through closed end investment partnerships, it will take a period of time to reach these targets. Assets will be invested in the U.S. equity asset class until the total target is attained.

The System may initiate investments in real estate as governed by the Real Asset Statement of Investment Policy. The System's goal for real estate is to not materially exceed the System's approved target asset allocation for total real estate investments as determined by the Board at the beginning of each fiscal year. Should the real estate target asset allocation be exceeded, the Executive Director, working with the Real Estate Consultant, shall develop a pacing and strategy plan to address the over allocation.

ATRS's Real Estate portfolio is benchmarked on a net of fee basis against the NCREIF Fund Index Open-end Diversified Core Equity Index ("NFI-ODCE"). Once ATRS's Real Estate portfolio reaches its full target allocation for a five-year period, it is expected to meet or exceed the NFI-ODCE over rolling five-year periods.

The System may initiate direct ownership in timberland or indirect investments in fund of funds, partnerships, corporations, or real estate investment trusts ("REITs") investing in investment grade properties of like kind.

The goal of the timberland investments shall be to achieve a total rate of return that will exceed, net of all fees and costs, the return of the NCREIF Timberland Property Index ("NTPI") over a five-year rolling period weighted according to ATRS's regional exposure based on Net Asset Value.

The goal of the agriculture investments shall be to achieve a total rate of return that will exceed, net of all fees and costs, the return of the NCREIF Farmland Index ("NFI") over a five-year rolling period weighted according to ATRS's regional and crop type exposure based on Net Asset Value.

The goal of the infrastructure investments shall be to achieve a total rate of return that will exceed, net of all fees and costs, the return of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus five percentage points over a full market cycle (approximately 10 years). The Consumer Price Index plus five percentage points will be used as the benchmark to reflect the opportunity cost of investing in infrastructure. Similar infrastructure programs of institutional investors will also be used as a secondary benchmark to the extent such data is made available.



The ATRS Total Real Asset Benchmark is weighted by the allocations based on Net Asset Values across the various sub-categories, and thus defined as Real Estate benchmark, Timber benchmark, Agriculture benchmark, and Infrastructure benchmark. The net of fee return for ATRS's Total Real Asset Portfolio is expected to meet or exceed the Total Real Asset Benchmark over rolling five-year periods.

#### Private Equity

The System may initiate investments in private equity as governed by the Private Equity Statement of Investment Policy. Private equity investments may include domestic and foreign private equity partnerships, venture capital, and mezzanine financing partnerships that are intended to diversify the assets and reduce the likelihood of material losses in any individual investment classification. The investment consultant responsible for private equity shall advise the Executive Director and Board on the Private Equity Statement of Investment Policy and the structure of private equity investments best suited for the System.

The System's goal for private equity investments is to achieve a total rate of return that will exceed, net of all costs and fees, the return of the public equity markets, as measured by the Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index, plus a liquidity premium of two percentage points per year over a full market cycle for private equity (approximately 10 years).

#### Cash Equivalents

The System may hold direct ownership in short-term investments or may permit or require managers to hold cash or cash equivalents to meet liquidity needs of the investment manager or of the System.

The System's cash management goal shall be to preserve capital and maintain liquidity.

#### Arkansas-Related Investments

The System may initiate Arkansas-related mortgage loans, promissory notes, direct real estate investments, or purchase insured certificates of deposit or short-term securities of Arkansas financial institutions to meet the goals of the mandated requirements. Arkansas-related investments are categorized according to the appropriate asset class for each investment. In addition, Arkansas-related investments include, but are not limited to, investments managed by an Arkansas-related manager, Arkansas-related investments held by other fund managers, Arkansas timberland, partnerships based in Arkansas, and partnerships holding Arkansas properties.

#### Commingled or Mutual Funds

If a commingled fund or mutual fund is utilized, the portfolio will be governed by the prospectus or similar document for the fund. In those cases, the System will utilize the prudent investor rule and advice of the investment consultant in selecting and evaluating funds initially and in monitoring them on an on-going basis.

#### **Derivatives**

Derivatives may be used to reduce the risk in a portfolio and provide desired market and security level positions as an alternative to purchasing cash securities. Excessive leverage shall not be created through the use of derivatives in a manner that substantially increases the System's portfolio risk. Each investment manager's derivative usage shall be specified in the investment management agreement or specific guidelines.

The use of futures and options shall be matched by cash or cash equivalent securities, and all short futures positions shall be matched by equivalent long security positions, unless otherwise stated in the investment manager guidelines or authorizing fund documents.

#### Loaning of Securities

The lending agent will evaluate the credit-worthiness of potential borrowers of securities, and will loan securities only to financially sound borrowers. The lending agent will maintain a diversified list of such borrowers in order to mitigate the counterparty risk that is inherent in securities lending.

Collateral levels should be based on the nature of the loaned security and will generally be between 102% and 105% of the market value of the borrowed security. Marking to market will be performed every business day subject to de minimis rules of change in value, and borrowers will be required to deliver additional assets as necessary to maintain over-collateralization of securities loans.



#### Securities Lending Reinvestment Guidelines

The cash collateral portfolio will be managed on an amortized cost basis (maintain a \$1 net asset value) and have investment guidelines that are 2a-7-like in nature (money market fund guidelines) to ensure that only a moderate amount of risk is taken on the reinvestment of the cash collateral. This will control the amount of credit and duration risk that can be taken by the short duration fixed income manager, which will help to mitigate losses due to insufficient collateral relative to the amount on loan. In addition, guidelines for the cash collateral portfolio will be created in conjunction with the lending strategy and with input from the securities lending agent.

The collateral pool should also maintain a reasonable level of overnight liquidity in order to allow for the smooth recall of securities over time.

#### **Investment Manager Reporting**

The System will require all investment managers, managing partners, and general partners to provide on at least a quarterly and an annual basis, reporting appropriate for the investment.

#### Roles

The Executive Director and investment consultant are jointly responsible for the initial selection of investment managers and any increase or decrease in an investment manager's funding. The Executive Director and investment consultant are jointly responsible for monitoring existing investment managers on performance, stability, and compliance. The Executive Director and investment consultant may also recommend termination of an investment manager when circumstances justify termination. Reasons for termination include, but are not limited to, relative performance, relative stability, costs, strategic allocation of assets, or other relevant factors that a prudent investor would use.

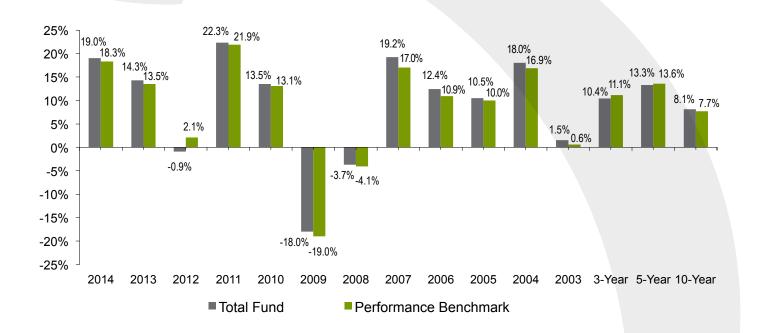
#### **Proxies**

The System authorizes the investment manager to vote all proxies related to stocks in which it invests the System's assets. The System expects the investment manager to cast votes solely in the best interest of plan beneficiaries.

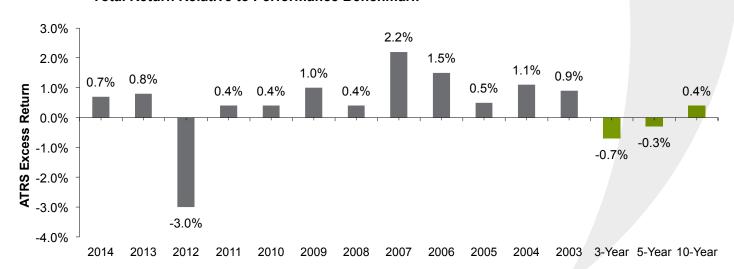


## Total Return by Fiscal Year

#### **FY Returns vs. Performance Benchmark**



#### **Total Return Relative to Performance Benchmark**



**Fiscal Year** 



## Traditional Assets Schedule of Investment Results

Returns for Period Ending June 30, 2014

The table below details the rates of return for the System's investment managers over various time periods ending June 30, 2014. The Appendix at the end of this document provides a description of the benchmarks used for each manager as of the end of the fiscal year.

	4.74	0 V	F.V.
	1-Year	3-Years	5-Years
LARGE CAP U.S. EQUITY			
Allianz Structured Alpha 250	28.1	18.0	22.3
Allianz Structured Alpha 500*	-	-	_
S&P 500 Index	24.6	16.6	18.8
SMALL CAP VALUE U.S. EQUITY			
Daruma Asset Management	21.5	11.8	21.3
Russell 2000 Index	23.6	14.6	20.2
Kennedy Capital Management	29.4	18.6	24.6
Russell 2000 Value Index	22.5	14.6	19.9
SMALL CAP GROWTH U.S. EQUITY			
Stephens	18.4	13.1	20.3
Voya Investment Management	23.0	15.3	22.1
Russell 2000 Growth Index	24.7	14.5	20.5
ALL CAP U.S. EQUITY			
BlackRock U.S. Equity Index Fund	25.1	16.5	-
Pershing Square International	29.1	15.2	20.6
Pershing Square Holdings	30.4	_	-
Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	25.0	16.4	19.4
Jacobs Levy	25.5	15.8	20.6
Performance Benchmark	25.2	16.5	19.3
Jacobs Levy 130/30	24.3	15.6	20.6
Russell 3000 Index	25.2	16.5	19.3
Voya Absolute Return	26.9	17.2	19.3
Relational Investors	41.2	18.4	22.3
S&P 500 Index	24.6	16.6	18.8
CONVERTIBLES			
Allianz	23.1	12.8	17.2
Performance Benchmark	24.4	12.6	16.5

<sup>\*</sup>Funded December 2013



## Traditional Assets Schedule of Investment Results (continued)

The table that follows details the rates of return for the System's investment managers over various time periods ending June 30, 2014.

	1-Year	3-Years	5-Years
GLOBAL EQUITY			
SSgA Global Index	23.8	10.8	15.2
BlackRock MSCI ACWI IMI Fund	23.9	10.8	-
MSCI AC World IMI (Net)	23.4	10.4	14.8
GMO Global All Country Equity*	_	_	_
T. Rowe Price Global Equity	32.0	12.9	-
Lazard	23.3	8.2	-
MSCI AC World Index (Net)	22.9	10.3	_
Harris Global Equity*	_	_	_
D.E. Shaw	25.6	13.7	_
MSCI World Index (Net)	24.0	11.8	_
Wellington Global Perspectives	33.1	16.5	22.6
Performance Benchmark	26.0	11.0	17.5
FIXED INCOME			
BlackRock	5.2	4.4	6.6
PIMCO**	5.2	4.4	6.9
Reams Core Plus Bond Fund***	_	_	_
Performance Benchmark	5.2	4.2	5.6
SSgA Aggregate Bond Index	4.3	3.7	_
Barclays Aggregate Index	4.4	3.7	_
Loomis Sayles	12.0	9.0	13.5
Performance Benchmark	6.8	6.0	8.2
Putnam	3.7	2.4	5.6
LIBOR	0.3	0.3	0.4
Wellington Global Total Return***	_	_	_

<sup>\*</sup> Funded June 2014

<sup>\*\*</sup> Terminated subsequent to fiscal year end

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Funded May 2014



## Alternatives Schedule of Investment Results (continued)

The table that follows details the rates of return for the System's investment managers over various time periods ending June 30, 2014.

	1-Year	3-Years	5-Years
OPPORTUNISTIC/ALTERNATIVES			
Anchorage	18.9	12.0	-
York	22.4	13.2	-
Credit Suisse Event Driven	14.1	6.6	-
Capula	7.9	5.1	-
Graham	2.7	0.0	-
Brevan Howard	-4.3	_	-
HFRI Macro (Total) Index	1.5	-0.5	_

## Real Assets Schedule of Investment Results

The table that follows details the rates of return for the System's investment managers for the period ending June 30, 2014.

	Since-Inception	
Real Estate Manager	IRR	Inception Date
Core & Open End Funds		
Arkansas Investments	8.00%	12/31/2007
JP Morgan Strategic Property Fund	5.78%	3/31/2007
JP Morgan Special Situation Property Fund	0.78%	3/31/2007
Prudential PRISA	4.79%	6/30/2005
UBS Trumbull Property Fund	5.30%	3/31/2006
Closed End Funds		
Almanac Realty Securities Fund V	12.10%	5/12/2008
Almanac Realty Securities Fund VI	18.74%	11/6/2012
Blackstone Real Estate Partners VII, L.P.	27.18%	12/31/2011
Carlyle Realy Partners VII	N/A	6/30/2014
CB Richard Ellis Strategic Partners U.S. Opportunity Fund V	0.28%	8/13/2008
Cerberus Institutional Real Estate Partners III	2.89%	9/30/2013
DLJ Real Estate Capital Partners II*	19.30%	12/15/1999
Doughty Hanson European Real Estate	28.45%	7/29/1999
Fidelity Real Estate Growth Fund III	4.23%	1/16/2008
Heitman European Property Partners IV	7.51%	10/6/2008
Landmark Real Estate Partners VI	28.29%	5/19/2010
Lasalle Asia Opportunity Fund IV	N/A	6/30/2014
LaSalle Income & Growth Fund VI	4.33%	4/19/2013
New Boston Real Estate Investment Fund VII	-5.84%	10/9/2008
O'Connor North American Property Partners II	-6.91%	4/10/2008
Olympus Real Estate Fund III*	-3.66%	8/15/2000
Rockwood Capital Real Estate Partners Fund IX, L.P.	17.96%	6/8/2012

<sup>\*</sup>In liquidation phase



## Real Assets Schedule of Investment Results (continued)

Real Estate Manager	Since-Inception IRR	Inception Date
Closed End Funds (continued)		
Torchlight Debt Opportunity Fund II	-5.20%	11/2/2007
Torchlight Debt Opportunity Fund III	12.14%	12/12/2008
Torchlight Debt Opportunity Fund IV	5.26%	7/8/2013
Westbrook Real Estate Fund II*	13.42%	5/28/1997
Westbrook Real Estate Fund III*	8.79%	9/1/1998
Westbrook Real Estate Fund IV*	20.65%	12/31/2000
Westbrook Real Estate Fund IX, L.P.	12.01%	10/24/2012
Westbrook SHP, LLC (Sunstone Hotel Investors, LLC)	2.47%	11/15/1999
Total Real Estate	7.57%	5/28/1997

<sup>\*</sup>In liquidation phase

Timber & Agriculture	Since-Inception IRR	Vintage Year
TIMBER		
RTG Timber Separate Account	5.5%	1998
AGRICULTURE		
HFMS Farmland Separate Account	9.8%	2011
UBS Agrivest Core Farmland Fund	N/A	2013

## Private Equity Schedule of Investment Results

The table that follows details the rates of return for the System's investment managers for the period ending June 30, 2014.

	Inception Date	Annualized Internal Rate of Return
INDIVIDUAL PARTNERSHIPS		
Mezzanine		
Audax Mezzanine III	5/10/2010	7.8%
Blackstone Mezzanine I	12/22/1999	10.2%
DLJ Investment Partners II	11/10/1999	10.6%
Insight Mezzanine I	7/13/2009	8.1%
PRIVATE EQUITY		
21st Century Group I	4/6/2000	-5.2%
Advent GPE VI-A	3/12/2008	19.4%
Altus Capital II	6/3/2011	-7.8%
Atlas Capital II**	12/13/2013	NMF
Boston Ventures VII	12/14/2007	12.0%
Castlelake II	5/4/2012	21.9%
Castlelake III**	2/28/2014	NMF
Court Square III	7/17/2012	-2.5%

<sup>\*\*2013</sup> and 2014 vintage year funds' performance is deemed not meaningful (NMF).



## Private Equity Schedule of Investment Results (continued)

		Annualized Internal Rate
	Inception Date	of Return
PRIVATE EQUITY (continued)		
CSFB-ATRS 2005-1 Series	5/1/2005	7.6%
CSFB-ATRS 2006-1 Series	8/1/2006	8.7%
Cypress MBP II	6/18/1999	-0.9%
DH Tech I	1/12/2000	-18.0%
Diamond State	4/15/2000	5.0%
Diamond State II	1/4/2007	10.0%
DLJ MBP III	7/19/2000	19.5%
Doughty Hanson III	10/20/1997	13.3%
DW Healthcare III	12/21/2011	13.2%
EnCap IX*	12/19/2012	NMF
EnCap VIII	1/31/2011	12.9%
FP Co-Investment Fund I	4/1/2012	17.8%
FP Intnl 2011	2/16/2011	-0.7%
FP Intnl 2012	1/31/2012	-16.6%
FP Intnl 2013*	2/7/2013	NMF
FP Intnl 2014*	1/23/2014	NMF
FP Venture 2008	1/18/2008	19.5%
FP Venture 2009	1/16/2009	30.4%
FP Venture 2010	1/29/2010	18.0%
FP Venture 2011	2/16/2011	27.6%
FP Venture 2012	1/31/2012	14.0%
FP Venture 2013*	2/7/2013	NMF
FP Venture 2014*	1/23/2014	NMF
HMTF III	3/4/1997	1.7%
HMTF IV	6/18/1998	-6.3%
HMTF V	11/28/2000	17.6%
Insight Equity II	7/13/2009	7.9%
JF Lehman III	8/8/2011	15.4%
KPS III Supplemental	8/14/2009	14.8%
KPS IV*	4/12/2013	NMF
Levine Leichtman V*	4/30/2013	NMF
Lime Rock III*	7/16/2013	NMF
LLR III	5/9/2008	13.7%
Mason Wells III	5/13/2010	-7.2%
NGP IX	2/27/2008	15.1%
NGP X	4/20/2012	11.3%
Oak Hill I	4/1/1999	10.6%
Riverside IV	12/4/2009	12.4%
Riverside V*	5/11/2012	NMF
Second Cinven	4/30/1998	9.3%
Sycamore Partners II*	4/7/2014	NMF

<sup>\*2013</sup> and 2014 vintage year funds' performance is deemed not meaningful (NMF).



## Private Equity Schedule of Investment Results (continued)

	Inception Date	Annualized Internal Rate of Return
PRIVATE EQUITY (continued)		
TA XI	4/30/2009	17.2%
Tennenbaum VI	2/15/2011	11.4%
Thoma Bravo XI*	5/1/2014	NMF
Vista Equity III	7/11/2008	31.8%
Vista Foundation II*	10/31/2013	NMF
Wellspring V	7/28/2010	-10.8%
Wicks IV	4/29/2011	10.3%

<sup>\*2013</sup> and 2014 vintage year funds' performance is deemed not meaningful (NMF).

### **Description of Benchmarks**

**Total Fund** – The Performance Benchmark for the Total Fund reflects a weighted average of the underlying asset class benchmarks, weighted as follows: Opportunistic/Alternatives, Real Assets and Private Equity at the weight of the previous month's ending market values, Global Equity and Fixed Income at their long-term Policy Targets of 30% and 20%, respectively, and Domestic Equity at its long-term Policy Target of 20% plus the balance of the unfunded or uncommitted assets of the Opportunistic/ Alternatives, Real Assets, and Private Equity categories. From October 2007 to July 2013, the Performance Benchmark was the performance of the asset class benchmarks as a weighted average of the previous month's ending market values. The historical components of the benchmark are shown in the table below. Returns prior to September 30, 1996, consist of the actual allocations to the seven different asset classes included in the ATRS portfolio over time. The historical benchmarks used for each asset class are noted below.

Date	DJ U.S. Total Stock Market Index	Russell 3000 Index	MSCI ACW ex-US Index	MSCI ACWI	Barclays U.S. Universal Bond Index	Barclays Aggregate Bond Index	Alternative Policy <sup>1</sup>
03/31/2004 –							
09/30/2007	40.0%	ı	17.5%	ı	25.0%	_	17.5%
07/31/2003 —							
02/29/2004	40.0%	ı	17.5%	ı	_	25.0%	17.5%
10/31/2001 –							
06/30/2003	_	40.0%	17.5%	_	_	25.0%	17.5%
08/31/1998 –							
09/30/2001	_	40.0%	17.0%	-	_	28.0%	15.0%
10/31/1996 –							
07/31/1998	_	40.0%	20.0%	-	_	28.0%	12.0%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Currently, the benchmarks for Private Equity, Real Assets, and Opportunistic/Alternatives are included in the Total Fund Performance Benchmark at their actual beginning quarter weights. Prior October 1, 2007, private equity, real estate, and other alternatives (timber) were grouped together in one "Alternatives Asset Class." The Alternative Policy for this asset class was comprised of the weighted average of the Real Estate, Private Equity, and Other Alternatives policy benchmarks. Prior to July 31, 2003, the alternative benchmark consisted of 57.0% of the Russell 3000 + a 2% Premium per year, 8.5% of the NCREIF South Timberland Index, 28.5% of the Real Estate Index, 6% of the EnnisKnupp STIF Index. After this date, real estate and private equity benchmarks started to report on a one-quarter lag to align with the returns of their asset classes.



## **Description of Benchmarks** (continued)

Total U.S. Equity – The Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index.

Total Global Equity - The MSCI All Country World Index.

**Total Fixed Income** – The Barclays U.S. Universal Bond Index as of March 1, 2004.

**Total Opportunistic/Alternatives** – A custom benchmark consisting of 60% HFRI Macro Index and 40% DJ/CS Event-Driven Index. Prior to July 2013, it was a composite of 25% DJ/CS Event-Driven Index, 25% HFR Macro Index, and 50% South Timberland NCREIF Index.

**Total Real Assets** – A custom benchmark consisting of a weighted average of the net asset values at previous month's end of the subcategories' benchmarks, defined as Real Estate Benchmark, Timber Benchmark, Agriculture Benchmark, and Infrastructure Benchmark.

Real Estate – NFI-ODCE – NCREIF Fund Index Open-end Diversified Core Equity Index.

Timber Benchmark – NCREIF Timberland Property Index (NTPI) weighted according to ATRS's regional exposure based on net asset value.

Agriculture Benchmark - NCREIF Farmland Index (NFI) weighted according to ATRS's regional and crop type exposure based on net asset value.

Infrastructure Benchmark – Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus 500 basis points annually.

Total Private Equity – The Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index + a 2% premium per year.

Cash Equivalents – The Citigroup 90 day T-bill.

Allianz Performance Benchmark – On January 1, 2005, the benchmark for the portfolio was changed to the Merrill Lynch Convertible Bond (All Quality) Index. Prior to January 1, 2005, the performance benchmark for the Allianz (previously Nicholas Applegate) portfolio was the CSFB Convertible Securities Index. Prior to May 1, 2004, the performance benchmark consisted of 90% CSFB Convertible Securities Index and 10% Salomon High Yield Index.

**BlackRock Performance Benchmark** – The Barclays U.S. Universal Bond Index as of March 1, 2004. Previously it was the Barclays Aggregate Bond Index.

**Jacobs Levy Performance Benchmark** – On January 1, 2008, the benchmark for the portfolio was changed to the Russell 3000 Index. Prior to January 1, 2008, the portfolio benchmark was the Russell 1000 Growth Index.

**Loomis Sayles Performance Benchmark** – An Index that splices 65% of the Barclays Capital Government/Credit Index and 35% Barclays Capital High Yield Index.

PIMCO Performance Benchmark – The Barclays U.S. Universal Bond Index as of March 1, 2004. Previously it was the Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index.

**Wellington Global Performance Benchmark** – As of July 1, 2012 the benchmark was changed to MSCI All Country World Small Cap Index. Prior to July 1, 2012, the benchmark was MSCI All Country World Small/Mid Cap Index.

Barclays Aggregate Bond Index – A market-value weighted index consisting of the Barclays Corporate, Government, and Mortgage-Backed Securities Indices. The Index also includes credit card-, auto-, and home equity loan-backed securities, and is the broadest available measure of the aggregate U.S. fixed income market.



## **Description of Benchmarks** (continued)

**Barclays Government/Credit Index** – The Barclays Government/Credit Index measures the investment return of all medium and larger public issues of U.S. Treasury, agency, investment-grade corporate, and investment-grade international dollar-denominated bonds.

Barclays High Yield Index – The Barclays High Yield Index covers the universe of fixed rate, non-investment grade debt. Pay-in-kind (PIK) bonds, Eurobonds, and debt issues from countries designated as emerging markets (e.g., Argentina, Brazil, Venezuela, etc.) are excluded, but Canadian and global bonds (SEC registered) of issuers in non-EMG countries are included.

**Barclays U.S. Universal Bond Index** – A market-value weighted index consisting of the components of the Barclays Aggregate Bond Index, plus EuroDollar bonds, emerging markets bonds, 144A fixed income securities, and U.S. corporate high yield securities.

Citigroup 90-day T-bill Index – Treasury bill rates of return, as reported by Citigroup (Salomon Smith Barney), for bills with a maximum time remaining to maturity of 90 days.

**DJ/CS Event-Driven Index** – Event driven funds typically invest in various asset classes and seek to profit from potential mispricing of securities related to a specific corporate or market event. Such events can include: mergers, bankruptcies, financial or operational stress, restructurings, asset sales, recapitalizations, spin-offs, litigation, regulatory and legislative changes, as well as other types of corporate events. Event driven funds can invest in equities, fixed income instruments (investment grade, high yield, bank debt, convertible debt, and distressed), options, and various other derivatives. Many event driven fund managers use a combination of strategies and adjust exposures based on the opportunity sets in each subsector.

**Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index** – A capitalization-weighted stock index representing all U.S. common stocks traded regularly on the organized exchanges. The Index is the broadest measure of the aggregate U.S. stock market.

FTSE Europe - A tradable index, designed to represent the performance of the 100 most highly capitalized blue chip companies in Europe.

**HFR Macro Index** – An index representing investment managers which trade a broad range of strategies in which the investment process is predicated on movements in underlying economic variables and the impact these have on equity, fixed income, hard currency, and commodity markets.

**HFR Distressed/Restructuring Index** – An index representing distressed restructuring strategies which employ an investment process focused on corporate fixed income instruments, primarily on corporate credit instruments of companies trading at significant discounts to their value at issuance or obliged (par value) at maturity as a result of either formal bankruptcy proceeding or financial market perception of near term proceedings.

**LIBOR Index** – London Interbank Offered Rate. A filtered average of the world's most creditworthy banks' interbank deposit rates with maturities between overnight and one full year.

Merrill Lynch Convertible Bond (All Quality) Index – The Merrill Lynch All Convertibles All Qualities Index is a widely used index that measures convertible securities' performance. It measures the performance of U.S. dollar-denominated convertible securities not currently in bankruptcy with a total market value greater than \$50 million at issuance.

MSCI All Country World ex-U.S. Index – A capitalization-weighted index of stocks representing 48 developed and emerging country markets, excluding the U.S. market.

MSCI All Country World Index – A capitalization-weighted index of stocks representing 48 developed and emerging country markets.

MSCI Europe, Australasia, Far East (EAFE) Non-U.S. Stock Index – A capitalization-weighted index of stocks representing 21 developed and emerging country markets in Europe, Australia, Asia, and the Far East.



### **Description of Benchmarks** (continued)

MSCI World Index – A capitalization-weighted index of stocks representing 22 developed stock markets in Europe, Asia, and Canada.

**NFI-ODCE Index** – NCREIF Fund Index Open-end Diversified Core Equity Index is an index of investment returns reporting on both a historical and current basis the results of 33 open-end commingled funds pursuing a core investment strategy; underlying funds are leveraged with gross and net returns available.

Russell 3000 Index - An index that measures the performance of the 3,000 stocks that make up the Russell 1000 and Russell 2000 Indices.

Russell 1000 Index - An index that measures the performance of the largest 1,000 stocks contained in the Russell 3000 Index.

Russell 1000 Value Index – An index that measures the performance of those Russell 1000 companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower I/B/E/S growth forecasts.

Russell 2000 Index - An index that measures the performance of the smallest 2,000 companies contained in the Russell 3000 Index.

Russell 2000 Growth Index – An index that measures the performance of those Russell 2000 companies with greater price-to-book ratios and greater I/B/E/S growth forecasts.

Russell 2000 Value Index – An index that measures the performance of those Russell 2000 companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower I/B/E/S growth forecasts.

Russell Mid Cap Value Index – An index that measure the performance of those Russell 1000 companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth values.

S&P 500 Stock Index – A capitalization-weighted stock index consisting of the 500 largest publicly traded U.S. stocks.

**South Timberland Index** – The largest regional subindex of the NCREIF Timberland Index, consisting of timberland properties held in the U.S. South. This includes close to 300 properties with more than 10 million cumulative acres of timberland in the following states: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia. Calculations are based on quarterly returns at the individual property level. Performance is reported on an all-cash, unlevered basis, gross of investment management fees.

#### **Description of Universes**

**Total Fund** – The Total Fund and its benchmark are ranked in our Public Fund Universe. The universe is calculated based on data provided by BNY Mellon Performance & Risk Analytics, LLC, and includes roughly 60 public pension plans each with assets greater than \$1 billion.

**Total Domestic Equity** – The total domestic equity component and its benchmark are ranked in our domestic equity component universe. The universe is calculated based on data provided by BNY Mellon Performance & Risk Analytics, LLC, and includes the domestic equity asset class returns of approximately 50 public pension plans each with assets greater than \$1 billion.

**Total Global Equity** – The total global equity component and its benchmark are ranked in our global equity component universe. The universe is calculated based on data provided by BNY Mellon Performance & Risk Analytics, LLC, and includes 200 global equity portfolios.

**Total Fixed Income** – The total fixed income component and its benchmark are ranked in our fixed income component universe. The universe is calculated based on data provided by BNY Mellon Performance & Risk Analytics, LLC, and includes the fixed income asset class returns of approximately 45 public pension plans each with assets greater than \$1 billion.



## Ten Largest Holdings

(By Market Value) As of June 30, 2014

#### **Fixed Income**

Security Name	Due Date	Market Value
MICRON TECHNOLOGY INC 3%	11/15/43	\$12,734,453.18
GILEAD SCIENCES 1.625%	5/1/16	10,679,850.01
INTEL CORP 3.25%	8/1/39	10,172,787.50
OMNICARE INC 3.50%	2/15/44	8,057,737.50
SANDISK CORP .50%	10/15/20	7,485,873.50
LENNAR CORP 3.25%	11/15/21	7,457,062.49
TESLA MOTORS INC .25%	3/1/19	6,791,428.60
FORD MTR CO DEL 4.25%	11/15/16	6,723,707.47
MICROCHIP TECHNOLOGY INC 2.125%	12/15/37	6,572,567.20
SALIX PHARMACEUTICALS LTD 1.50%	3/15/19	6,350,725.54

## Ten Largest Holdings

(By Market Value) As of June 30, 2014

## **Domestic/Global Equities**

Security Name	Market Value
APPLE INC	\$34,736,304.67
GENERAL AMERICAN INVESTORS CO	24,356,551.23
INVESTOR AB	22,756,818.29
VISA INC – CLASS A SHARES	22,126,657.08
FIRST PACIFIC CO	21,552,705.09
BOEING CO	21,031,118.98
MICROSEMI CORP	18,745,406.77
GENERAL MOTORS CO	18,451,181.11
PACIRA PHARMACEUTICALS INC	18,201,415.97
EURAZEO	17,544,138.90

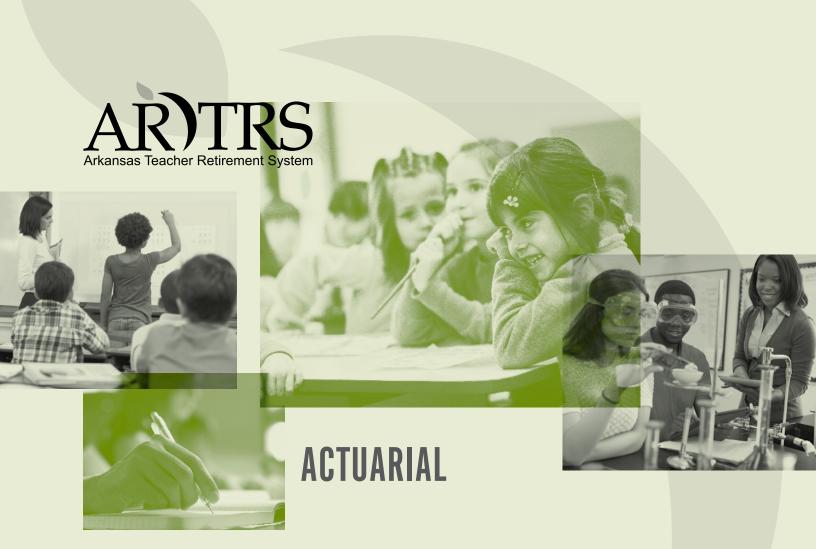


## Ten Largest Holdings (By Market Value)

As of June 30, 2014

### **Arkansas Related**

Security Name	Market Value
TIMBERLAND I	\$362,406,422
AMERICAN CENTER 1 & 2 (PARTNERSHIP)	33,603,168
THE VICTORY BUILDING	30,296,009
WOODLAND HEIGHTS	16,800,000
SOUTHCENTER SHOPPING CENTER	12,500,000
ARKANSAS INSURANCE DEPARTMENT BUILDING	5,910,000
RETIREMENT VILLAGE PROPERTY	5,900,000
ROSE LAW FIRM	4,080,000
ARKANSAS TEACHER RETIREMENT BUILDING	3,234,164
WEST MEMPHIS DHS BUILDING	2,310,150





## **Actuary's Certification Letter**

**GRS** 

Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company Consultants & Actuaries One Towne Square Suite 800 Southfield, MI 48076-3723 248.799.9000 phone 248.799.9020 fax www.gabrielroeder.com

March 3, 2015

Board of Trustees Arkansas Teacher Retirement System 1400 West Third Street Little Rock, Arkansas 72201

**Dear Board Members:** 

The basic funding objective of the Arkansas Teacher Retirement System (ATRS) is to establish and receive contributions which:

- · When expressed in terms of the percentage of active member payroll, will remain approximately level from generation to generation, and
- When combined with present assets and future investment return, will be sufficient to meet the financial obligations of ATRS to present and future retirees and beneficiaries.

The progress being made toward the realization of the financing objectives of the System through June 30, 2014, is illustrated in the attached Exhibits 1 and 2. The valuation process develops contribution rates that are sufficient to fund the plan's current cost (i.e., the cost assigned by the valuation method to the year of service about to be rendered), as well as to fund unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities as a level percent of active member payroll. The actuarial valuations are performed each year, and the most recent valuations were completed based upon census data, asset data, and plan provisions as of June 30, 2014.

The System's administrative staff provides the actuary with data for the actuarial valuations. The actuary relies on the census data after reviewing it for internal and year-to-year consistency. Member data was not otherwise audited by the actuary. The actuary summarizes and tabulates population data in order to analyze longer-term trends. Asset information was accepted without further audit. We are not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the data provided by ATRS.

The figures disclosed in the Supplementary Schedules to the Financial Section were provided by Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company, as were the Notes to Trend Data. In addition, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company was responsible for the following schedules found in the Actuarial Section:

Computed Actuarial Liabilities
Employer Contribution Rate Computed as of June 30, 2014
Active Members in Valuation Data
Retirees and Beneficiaries Added to and Removed from Rolls
Short Condition Test
Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
Single Life Retirement Values
Probabilities of Retirement for Members
Assumed Duration in T-DROP for Members
Teachers Separations and Individual Pay Increases
Support Employees Separations and Individual Pay Increases
Comments
Schedule of Retired Members by Benefit Type

Schedule of Average Benefit Payments



**GRS** 

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Board of Trustees March 3, 2015 Page 2

Assets are valued on a market related basis that recognizes each year's difference between actual and assumed investment return over a closed four-year period.

Actuarial valuations are based upon assumptions regarding future activity in specific risk areas including the rates of investment return and payroll growth, eligibility for the various classes of benefits, and longevity among retired lives. The Board adopts these assumptions after considering the advice of the actuary and other professionals. Each actuarial valuation takes into account all prior differences between actual and assumed experience in each risk area and adjusts the contribution rates as needed. The June 30, 2014, valuations were based upon assumptions that were recommended in connection with a study of experience covering the 2005-2010 period.

The Arkansas Teacher Retirement System remains stable with a 77.3% funded position as of June 30, 2014. The amortization period as of June 30, 2014, is 39 years. Unless there is an investment loss in Fiscal Year 2015, the amortization period is likely to fall below 30 years in the next valuation. Based on the June 30, 2014, valuation, an employer contribution rate of 14.9% would be needed to return the amortization period to 30 years. In order to obtain a full understanding of the actuarial condition of the Retirement System, it is necessary to read and understand the entire actuarial valuation report.

Based upon the results of the June 30, 2014, valuations, we are pleased to report to the Board of Trustees that the Arkansas Teacher Retirement System is meeting its basic financial objective of level percent of payroll financing. The contribution rate is currently not sufficient to amortize the unfunded liability over a 30-year period. However, unless there is an investment loss in Fiscal Year 2015, the amortization period is likely to fall below 30 years in the next valuation.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements; and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. This report does not contain an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

To the best of our knowledge, this report is complete and accurate and was made in accordance with standards of practice promulgated by the Actuarial Standards Board of the American Academy of Actuaries. The actuarial assumptions used for the valuation produce results which, individually and in the aggregate, are reasonable.

This report has been prepared by actuaries who have substantial experience valuing public employee retirement systems. Judith Kermans and Brian Murphy are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA) and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Respectfully submitted,

Judith A. Kermans, EA, MAAA, FCA

white A. Levrons

Brian B. Murphy, FSA, MAAA, FCA

Brie B. Mapy

JAK/BBM:mrb



## Exhibit 1 Computed Actuarial Liabilities

As of June 30, 2014

		Entry Age Actuar	ial Cost Method
Actuarial Present Value of	(1) Total Present Value	(2) Portion Covered by Future Normal Cost Contributions	(3) Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (1)-(2)
Age and service retirement allowances based on total service likely to be rendered by present active members.	\$ 7,365,985,562	\$1,976,006,279	\$ 5,389,979,283
Age and service retirement allowances based on total service likely to be rendered by present T-DROP members.	2,358,659,926	39,680,035	2,318,979,891
Vested deferred benefits likely to be paid present active and inactive members.	1,145,486,824	395,332,387	750,154,437
Survivor benefits expected to be paid on behalf of present active members.	115,536,050	40,787,337	74,748,713
Disability benefits expected to be paid on behalf of present active members.	194,558,845	100,515,678	94,043,167
Refunds of member contributions expected to be paid on behalf of present active members.	14,926,310	109,527,125	(94,600,815)
Benefits payable to present retirees and beneficiaries.	8,684,234,779	0	8,684,234,779
Lump sum death benefits payable to present retirees and beneficiaries.	92,778,136	0	92,778,136
Total	\$19,972,166,432	\$2,661,848,841	\$17,310,317,591
Applicable Assets	13,374,765,500	0	13,374,765,500
Liabilities to be covered by future contributions	\$ 6,597,400,932	\$2,661,848,841	\$ 3,935,552,091



## Exhibit 2 Employer Contribution Rate Computed as of June 30, 2014

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016

		Percents of Active	Member Payroll	
Computed Contributions for	Teachers	Support	Combined	Prior Year
Normal Cost				
Age & Service Annuities	9.59%	7.17%	8.85%	8.84%
Deferred Annuties	1.61%	2.13%	1.77%	1.77%
Survivor Benefits	0.19%	0.16%	0.18%	0.18%
Disability Benefits	0.47%	0.42%	0.45%	0.45%
Refunds of Member Contributions	0.38%	0.80%	0.51%	0.51%
Total	12.24%	10.68%	11.76%	11.75%
Average Member Contributions	5.30%	4.07%	4.92%	4.86%
Net Employer Normal Cost	6.94%	6.61%	6.84%	6.89%
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities			7.16%	7.11%
Employer Contribution Rate			14.00%	14.00%
Amortization Years			39.1	69.9

The amortization period is the number of years it will take to pay off the unfunded liability of \$3.9 billion assuming that the employer contribution rate remains at the 14% of payroll level. Since 2000, the period has varied from a low of 19 years to a high of over 100 years. Unless there is an investment loss in Fiscal Year 2015, the amortization period is likely to fall below 30 years in the next valuation.



## Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data

		Members ation#	Average A	nnual Pay
Valuation Date June 30	Number	Annual Payroll (Millions)	Amount	% Change
2014	74,352	\$2,758	\$37,092	1.9%
2013	74,925	2,727	36,400	0.0%
2012	75,627	2,714	35,891	1.0%
2011	76,780	2,728	35,534	7.7%
2010	72,208	2,381	32,980	0.5%
2009	70,655	2,318	32,804	1.5%
2008	70,172	2,268	32,319	2.1%
2007	69,226	2,191	31,645	3.0%
2006	67,710	2,080	30,714	3.0%
2005	65,793	1,962	29,826	7.8%

<sup>#</sup> Beginning with the June 30, 2011 valuation, active member information includes T-DROP participation.

### Schedule of Retirees and Beneficiaries Added To and Removed From Rolls

	Estimate	Estimated Number		Annual Allowances	% Increase in Annual	Average Annual
Year	Added	Removed	Retirees	(Millions)	Allowances	Allowances
2014	3,156	932	38,478	\$822.19	7.7%	\$21,368
2013	3,039	945	36,254	763.76	7.7%	21,067
2012	2,932	871	34,160	709.17	7.9%	20,760
2011	2,394	882	32,099	657.08	7.2%	20,470
2010	2,588	819	30,587	612.77	8.5%	20,034
2009	2,721	704	28,818	564.59	9.5%	19,591
2008	1,703	513	26,801	515.56	6.4%	19,237
2007	2,017	559	25,611	484.55	7.7%	18,920
2006	1,958	485	24,153	449.77	8.4%	18,622
2005	1,822	570	22,680	415.04	7.5%	18,300
2004	1,685	528	21,428	386.23	7.3%	18,025
2003	1,621	548	20,271	360.00	7.7%	17,759
2002	1,989	568	19,199	334.15	8.1%	17,404

T-DROP participants are classified as active members for purposes of the valuation and are not included in this schedule.



#### **Short Condition Test**

ATRS's funding objective is to meet long-term benefit promises through contributions that remain approximately level from year to year as a percent of member payroll. If the contributions to the System are level in concept and soundly executed, the System will **pay all promised benefits when due -- the ultimate test of financial soundness.** Testing for level contribution rates is the long-term test.

A short condition test is one means of checking a system's progress under its funding program. In a short condition test, the plan's present assets (cash and investments) are compared with: 1) Member contributions on deposit; 2) The liabilities for future benefits to present retired lives; 3) The liabilities for service already rendered by members. In a system that has been following the discipline of level percent-of-payroll financing, the liabilities for member contributions on deposit (liability 1) and the liabilities for future benefits to present retired lives (liability 2) will be fully covered by present assets (except in rare circumstances). In addition, the liabilities for service already rendered by members (liability 3) will be partially covered by the remainder of present assets. The larger the funded portion of liability 3, the stronger the condition of the system. Liability 3 being fully funded is unusual.

The schedule below illustrates the history of liability 3 of the System and is indicative of the ATRS objective of following the discipline of level percent-of-payroll financing.

Val. Date	(1) Member	(2) Retirees and	(3) Active and Inactive Members (Employer	Present Valuation	V	Portion of alues Co Present	vered by Assets	′
June 30	Contrb.	Benef.	Financed Portion)	Assets	(1)	(2)	(3)	Total
		\$	Millions	•				
2005	\$ 586	\$ 4,276	\$ 6,111	\$ 8,817	100%	100%	65%	80%
2006	630	4,617	6,376	9,332	100%	100%	64%	80%
2007#	679	4,960	6,690	10,519	100%	100%	73%	85%
2008#	732	5,544	7,058	11,319	100%	100%	71%	85%
2009	790	6,041	7,188	10,617	100%	100%	53%	76%
2010#	848	6,516	7,333	10,845	100%	100%	47%	74%
2011*#	929	7,132	7,460	11,146	100%	100%	41%	72%
2012	981	7,649	7,509	11,484	100%	100%	38%	71%
2013#	1,027	8,181	7,514	12,247	100%	100%	40%	73%
2014	1,077	8,777	7,456	13,375	100%	100%	47%	77%

<sup>\*</sup> Revised actuarial assumptions or methods.

<sup>#</sup> Legislated benefit or contribution rate change.



## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Valuation Date	June 30, 2014
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Amortization Method	Level percent of payroll
Remaining Amortization Period	39 years
Asset Valuation Method	
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment Rate of Return	n8.0%
Projected Salary Increase	3.25% to 9.10%
Cost-of-Living Adjustment	ts
Includes Wage Inflation a	t

An actuarial valuation is based upon an actuarial cost method, an asset valuation method, and actuarial assumptions. These methods and assumptions are chosen by the Board of Trustees after consultation with the Actuary and other advisors.

The actuarial cost method is called the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method. This method is consistent with the Board's level percent of payroll funding objective. With this method, the level percent of payroll is determined that will fund a member's retirement benefit over the member's entire working lifetime, from date of hire (Entry Age) to date of exit from the active member population. Differences in the past between assumed and actual experience become part of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities and are amortized with level percent of payroll contributions. This cost method was first used in the *June 30, 1986* valuation.

The asset valuation method is a four-year smoothed market value method in which assumed investment return is recognized immediately each year, and differences between actual and assumed investment return are phased in over a closed four-year period. This asset valuation method is intended to give recognition to the long-term accuracy of market values while filtering out and dampening short-term market swings. This method was first used in the *June* 30, 1995 valuation. It was modified in conjunction with the 2002 valuation to include a corridor. Assets were set to market value in 2012 to reduce future volatility.

The actuarial assumptions used in producing the valuation fall into two broad classes: economic assumptions, and demographic assumptions. Economic assumptions refer to long-term rates of investment return, wage growth, covered population growth, and inflation. Demographic assumptions refer to retirement rates, turnover rates, disability rates, and mortality rates. The current assumptions are based upon a 2005-2010 study of experience of the Arkansas Teacher Retirement System. The assumptions are reviewed from time to time to keep them reasonably current with expected experience.

#### **Economic Assumptions**

**The investment return rate** used in making the valuation was 8.0% per year, compounded annually (net after administrative expenses). This rate of return is not the assumed real rate of return. The real rate of return over wage inflation is defined to be the portion of investment return which is more than the wage inflation rate. Considering wage inflation recognition of 3.25%, the 8.0% rate translates to an assumed real rate of return over wage inflation of 4.75%. This rate was first used for the June 30, 2011, valuation. The assumed real rate of return over price inflation would be higher – on the order of 5% to 5.25%.



## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods (continued)

**Pay increase assumptions** for individual active members are shown on Tables IV and V. Part of the assumption for each age is for a merit and/or seniority increase, and the other 3.25% recognizes wage inflation. These rates were first used for the **June 30, 2011** valuation. No specific **Price Inflation** is needed for this valuation. However, the wage inflation and interest rate assumptions would be compatible with a price inflation assumption of 2.75%. It is assumed that the 3% COLA will always be paid.

The Active Member Group size is assumed to remain at its present level.

**Total active member payroll** is assumed to increase 3.25% a year, which is the portion of the individual pay increase assumptions attributable to wage inflation. This rate was first used for the **June 30, 2011** valuation.

#### Non-Economic Assumptions

**The mortality table** used was the RP-2000 Mortality table for males and females projected 25 years with scale AA (95% for men and 87% for women). Mortality rates were adjusted to include a small margin for future mortality improvement as described in the table named above. This table was first used for the **June 30, 2011** valuation. For disabled lives, the mortality table used was the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table, the mortality table set forward five years. The set forward of five years was first used for the **June 30, 2002** valuation.

The probabilities of retirement for members eligible to retire are shown on Tables II and III. The rates for full retirement were first used in the June 30, 2011 valuation. The rates for reduced retirement were first used in the June 30, 2002 valuation.

**The probabilities of withdrawal** from service, death in service, and disability are shown for sample ages on Tables IV and V. These rates were first used in the **June 30, 2011** valuation.

The data about persons now covered and about present assets was furnished by the System's administrative staff. Although examined for general reasonableness, the data was not audited by the Actuary. Members whose dates of birth were not supplied were assumed to be 40 years old on the valuation date.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic and demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of the actuary's assignment, the actuary did not perform an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.



Table I
Single Life Retirement Values

Sample Attained	Present \$1.00 Montl	Value of hly for Life	Present Va Monthly Increasing 3.0	for Life		re Life cy (years)		t Dying ext Year
Ages	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
40	\$147.45	\$148.74	\$192.83	\$195.36	43.26	45.92	0.08%	0.04%
45	144.24	145.78	186.54	189.56	38.45	41.03	0.10%	0.07%
50	139.69	141.63	178.19	181.91	33.65	36.18	0.13%	0.10%
55	133.32	135.93	167.28	172.06	28.89	31.39	0.21%	0.19%
60	124.93	128.62	153.79	160.06	24.28	26.77	0.43%	0.39%
65	114.53	119.62	137.94	146.03	19.92	22.41	0.85%	0.74%
70	102.19	109.01	120.09	130.24	15.89	18.36	1.45%	1.28%
75	87.25	96.62	99.84	112.72	12.15	14.64	2.53%	2.00%
80	70.65	82.27	78.66	93.60	8.86	11.25	4.76%	3.35%
85	54.64	66.59	59.29	73.90	6.25	8.29	8.83%	5.80%
Ref:	472 x 0.95	473 x 0.87	472 x 0.95	473 x 0.87				

Sample Attained	Benefit Increasing	Portion of A	
Ages	3.0% Yearly	Men	Women
60	\$100.00	100%	100%
65	115.00	97%	97%
70	130.00	92%	93%
75	145.00	84%	86%
80	160.00	71%	76%
Ref		472 x 0.95	473 x 0.87



Table II
Probabilities of Retirement for Members

<del> </del>		% of Active Participants Retiring with Unreduced Benefi Education Support				
Retirement	Educ	Janon	Sup	port		
Ages	Male	Female	Male	Female		
48	59%	55%	25%	25%		
49	67%	25%	54%	22%		
50	11%	7%	3%	9%		
51	7%	6%	5%	7%		
52	7%	6%	8%	7%		
53	7%	8%	9%	8%		
54	8%	8%	9%	8%		
55	9%	9%	6%	10%		
56	11%	10%	10%	9%		
57	11%	12%	10%	10%		
58	11%	12%	16%	14%		
59	14%	16%	16%	27%		
60	16%	16%	11%	13%		
61	15%	15%	10%	14%		
62	30%	26%	29%	22%		
63	24%	22%	21%	18%		
64	22%	20%	25%	20%		
65	37%	43%	46%	40%		
66	43%	41%	38%	36%		
67	35%	34%	37%	35%		
68	31%	33%	39%	28%		
69	25%	33%	26%	34%		
70	37%	40%	33%	34%		
71	41%	30%	34%	33%		
72	32%	34%	41%	31%		
73	44%	36%	32%	34%		
74	30%	30%	29%	34%		



Table III
Probabilities of Reduced Retirement for Members

	% of Active Participants Retiring with Reduced Benefits  Education Support						
Retirement							
Ages	Male	Female	Male	Female			
50	2%	2%	2%	2%			
51	2%	2%	2%	2%			
52	3%	3%	3%	3%			
53	4%	4%	4%	4%			
54	4%	4%	4%	4%			
55	6%	6%	6%	6%			
56	9%	5%	9%	5%			
57	9%	5%	9%	5%			
58	9%	5%	9%	5%			
59	9%	5%	9%	5%			
Ref	826	825	826	825			

## **Duration of T-Drop for Members**

Present T-DROP members are assumed to remain in T-DROP according to the following table:

Entry Age	Assumed Duration Years
50-56	6
57	5
58	4
59+	3

Retirees are assumed to have entered T-DROP at the time that is to their greatest financial advantage, based on the schedule above.



### Table IV

# Teachers Separations from Active Employment Before Age and Service Retirement and Individual Pay Increases

	Percent of Active Members Separating Within the Next Year												
Sample		Dea	ath	Disal	bility	Oth	ner						
Ages	Service	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women						
	_					05 200/	10.000/						
	0					25.30%	18.00%						
	1					13.80%	11.30%						
	2					10.60%	9.10%						
	3					8.40%	8.40%						
	4					5.00%	6.60%						
25	5 & Up	0.01%	0.01%	0.05%	0.05%	3.50%	4.00%						
30		0.02%	0.01%	0.05%	0.04%	3.60%	4.30%						
35		0.03%	0.02%	0.04%	0.05%	2.80%	2.90%						
40		0.04%	0.02%	0.08%	0.09%	2.30%	2.10%						
45		0.05%	0.03%	0.18%	0.16%	1.90%	1.80%						
50		0.07%	0.05%	0.40%	0.39%	2.90%	2.20%						
55		0.11%	0.10%	0.73%	0.69%	3.60%	2.60%						
60		0.22%	0.20%	0.96%	0.86%	3.10%	2.30%						
65		0.43%	0.38%	1.00%	0.90%	2.50%	1.80%						
Ref:						718	719						
		472 x 0.48	473 x 0.44	737 x 1	738 x 1	1192	1193						

	Pay Increase Assumptions for an Individual Member								
A	Merit &	Base	Increase						
Age	Seniority	(Economic)	Next Year						
20	5.10%	3.25%	8.35%						
25	4.10%	3.25%	7.35%						
30	3.10%	3.25%	6.35%						
35	2.10%	3.25%	5.35%						
40	1.40%	3.25%	4.65%						
45	0.90%	3.25%	4.15%						
50	0.46%	3.25%	3.71%						
55	0.12%	3.25%	3.37%						
60	0.00%	3.25%	3.25%						
65	0.00%	3.25%	3.25%						
Ref:	388	_							



## Table V

# Support Employees Separations from Active Employment Before Age and Service Retirement and Individual Pay Increases

Percent of Active Members Separating Within the Next Year											
Sample		De	ath	Disa	bility	Oth	ner				
Ages	Service	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women				
	0					47.50%	46.80%				
	1					27.30%	24.90%				
	2					18.90%	17.00%				
	3					15.30%	13.20%				
	4					10.80%	10.40%				
25	5 & Up	0.01%	0.01%	0.05%	0.04%	11.10%	9.50%				
30		0.02%	0.01%	0.10%	0.05%	9.00%	7.20%				
35		0.03%	0.02%	0.10%	0.05%	6.90%	5.40%				
40		0.04%	0.02%	0.12%	0.07%	5.40%	4.90%				
45		0.05%	0.03%	0.20%	0.16%	4.30%	4.40%				
50		0.07%	0.05%	0.55%	0.34%	3.90%	3.60%				
55		0.11%	0.10%	0.88%	0.59%	3.50%	3.00%				
60		0.22%	0.20%	0.98%	0.76%	2.80%	2.50%				
65		0.43%	0.38%	1.00%	0.80%	2.30%	2.00%				
Ref:						720	721				
		472 x 0.48	473 x 0.44	739 x 1	740 x 1	1194	1195				

	Pay Increase Assumptions for an Individual Member							
Age	Merit & Seniority	Base (Economic)	Increase Next Year					
20	5.85%	3.25%	9.10%					
25	4.97%	3.25%	8.22%					
30	3.93%	3.25%	7.18%					
35	3.33%	3.25%	6.58%					
40	2.65%	3.25%	5.90%					
45	1.29%	3.25%	4.54%					
50	0.35%	3.25%	3.60%					
55	0.00%	3.25%	3.25%					
60	0.00%	3.25%	3.25%					
65	0.00%	3.25%	3.25%					
Ref:	389							



## Actuarial Gain (Loss) by Risk Area During the Period July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014

	Gain(Lo	ss) in Period
Type of Risk Area	\$ Millions	Percent of Liabilities
ECONOMIC RISK AREAS		
Pay increases. <i>If there are smaller pay increases</i> than assumed, there is a gain. If greater increases, a loss.	\$100.9	0.60%
Gross Investment Return. <i>If there is greater investment</i> return recognition than assumed, there is a gain. If less return		
recognition, a loss.	558.6	3.34%
NON-ECONOMIC RISK AREAS		
Retirements. <i>If members retire at older</i> ages, there is a gain. If younger ages, a loss.	53.9	0.32%
Disability Retirements. <i>If there are fewer disabilities</i> than assumed, there is a gain. If more, a loss.	(0.5)	0.00%
Death-in-Service Benefits. <i>If there are fewer</i> than assumed, there is a gain. If more, a loss.	(1.8)	(0.01)%
Withdrawal. <i>If more liabilities are released by other</i> separations than assumed, there is a gain. If smaller releases, a loss.	1.3	0.01%
Death After Retirement. <i>If there are more deaths</i> than assumed, there is a gain. If fewer, a loss.	4.8	0.03%
ACTUARIAL GAIN (LOSS) DURING PERIOD	\$717.2	4.29%
BEGINNING OF YEAR ACCRUED LIABILITIES	\$16,718.1	100.0%



#### Comments

General Financial Objective. Section 24-3-103 of the Arkansas Code provides as follows (emphasis added):

"6.01. (1) The general financial objective of each Arkansas public employee retirement plan shall be to establish and receive contributions which, expressed as percents of active member payroll, will remain approximately level from generation to generation of Arkansas citizens. More specifically, contributions received each year shall be sufficient both to (i) fully cover the costs of benefit commitments being made to members for their service being rendered in such year and (ii) make a level payment which if paid annually over a reasonable period of future years will fully cover the unfunded costs of benefit commitments for service previously rendered....."

Arkansas Teacher Retirement System Status: Based upon the results of June 30, 2014 actuarial valuations, ATRS is satisfying the financial objective of level-contribution-percent financing.

The amortization period this year is 39 years, a decrease from last year's period of 70 years. The decrease occurred primarily due to investment gains, with the annual market rate of return being 19.17%# compared to an assumed rate of 8.0%. Investment gains and losses that occur each year are smoothed in over a 4-year period. As of June 30, 2014, the market value of assets exceeded the actuarial value of assets by approximately \$1.5 billion.

The Arkansas Teacher Retirement System remains stable with a 77.3% funded position as of June 30, 2014. Unless there is an investment loss in Fiscal Year 2015, the amortization period is likely to fall below 30 years in the next valuation. Based on the June 30, 2014, valuation, an employer contribution rate of 14.9% would be needed to return the amortization period to 30 years.

# This return figure was calculated by the actuary and may not exactly match your investment consultant's figure.



## Schedule of Retired Members By Type of Benefit

Monthly	No. of		Type of	f Retirem	ent*		Option Selected#			
Benefit	Retirees	1	2	3	4	5	Life	Opt. A	Opt. B	Opt. C
\$1-250	4,288	3,806	103	107	250	22	3,545	572	44	127
251-500	4,633	3,883	91	154	468	37	3,821	610	81	121
501-750	3,020	2,526	61	78	320	35	2,430	398	103	89
751-1,000	2,188	1,780	74	49	248	37	1,695	320	114	59
1,001-1,250	1,846	1,456	61	38	260	31	1,405	282	112	47
1,251-1,500	1,673	1,340	73	26	200	34	1,225	283	125	40
1,501-1,750	1,750	1,455	55	35	181	24	1,305	284	128	33
1,751-2,000	1,811	1,522	50	36	181	22	1,304	322	140	45
Over \$2,000	16,993	16,041	311	131	458	52	12,557	2,456	1,656	324
							· ·			
Total	38,202	33,809	879	654	2,566	294	29,287	5,527	2,503	885

- \* Type of Retirement
- 1. Normal retirement for age and service
- 2. Survivor payment normal or early retirement
- 3. Survivor payment death-in-service
- 4. Disability retirement
- 5. Survivor payment disability retirement

Excludes Act 793 and Act 808 retirees.

# Option Selected at Retirement

Life – Straight life annuity

Opt. A – 100% survivor annuity

Opt. B – 50% survivor annuity

Opt. C – annuity for 10 years

certain and life thereafter



## Schedule of Average Benefit Payments

	R	etirement E	Effective Dates	Service at Retirement													
	Jul	y 1, 2004 t	o June 30, 2014		0-4#		5-9		10-14		15-19		20-24		25-29	_	30+
07/01/04	-	06/30/05	Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Salary Number of Active Retirees	\$ \$	117 21,778 44	\$	245 17,230 384	\$	451 21,509 239	\$	851 31,146 215	\$	1,413 38,529 136	\$	2,085 42,106 562	\$	2,561 39,786 242
07/01/05	-	06/30/06	Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Salary Number of Active Retirees	\$ \$	178 23,915 44	\$ \$	249 17,531 371	\$ \$	486 24,252 263	\$ \$	796 29,291 207	\$	1,472 39,726 150	\$ \$	2,146 43,432 633	\$	2,860 42,735 290
07/01/06	-	06/30/07	Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Salary Number of Active Retirees	\$ \$	193 30,693 31	\$ \$	269 19,693 447	\$ \$	489 24,448 251	\$ \$	810 29,479 215	\$ \$	1,470 40,437 157	\$	2,168 44,736 665	\$	2,791 43,192 251
07/01/07	-	06/30/08	Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Salary Number of Active Retirees	\$ \$	299 25,406 12	\$ \$	290 20,153 402	\$ \$	526 25,808 187	\$ \$	954 36,169 187	\$ \$	1,440 41,295 180	\$ \$	2,303 45,077 518	\$	2,778 42,414 217
07/01/08	-	06/30/09	Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Salary Number of Active Retirees	\$ \$	162 24,871 47	\$ \$	248 22,873 360	\$ \$	532 26,844 265	\$ \$	902 33,190 235	\$ \$	1,378 40,876 235	\$ \$	2,399 47,821 654	\$	2,949 46,900 245
07/01/09	-	06/30/10	Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Salary Number of Active Retirees	\$ \$	169 31,970 54	\$ \$	234 21,380 415	\$ \$	545 26,941 335	\$ \$	939 34,607 252	\$ \$	1,519 44,270 249	\$ \$	2,473 47,853 827	\$ \$	3,115 49,724 192
07/01/10	-	06/30/11	Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Salary Number of Active Retirees	\$ \$	157 29,025 47	\$ \$	274 25,410 471	\$ \$	568 28,010 295	\$ \$	1,019 37,744 246	\$ \$	1,584 45,054 248	\$ \$	2,543 49,358 764	\$ \$	3,031 50,203 135
07/01/11	-	06/30/12	Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Salary Number of Active Retirees	\$ \$	160 31,339 47	\$ \$	262 24,705 558	\$ \$	588 29,042 423	\$ \$	994 37,456 295	\$ \$	1,537 44,664 350	\$ \$	2,529 50,784 879	\$	3,122 51,737 150
07/01/12	-	06/30/13	Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Salary Number of Active Retirees	\$ \$	168 40,573 50	\$ \$	272 24,799 551	\$ \$	634 30,499 429	\$ \$	980 36,168 301	\$ \$	1,482 42,688 377	\$ \$	2,453 49,266 1,038	\$ \$	3,053 51,813 120
07/01/13	-	06/30/14*	Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Salary Number of Active Retirees	\$ \$	144 41,396 42	\$ \$	294 26,223 497	\$ \$	626 30,235 472	\$ \$	1,034 37,996 336	\$ \$	1,481 42,612 358	\$ \$	2,553 50,577 1,060	\$ \$	3,195 54,193 122

<sup>#</sup> May include cases where the service was not reported.

The figures in this chart are figures that are relevant to one specific year of retirement. They have not been updated for certain changes in COLAs that occurred after retirement.

<sup>\*</sup> May not match page 62. Page 62 also includes new retirees with retirement dates prior to July 1, 2013.





## Schedule of Revenue by Source

	Employer C	ontributions		Investment and	
Year Ending June 30,	Employer Contributions	% of Annual Covered Payroll	Member Contributions	Miscellaneous Income	Total
2005	286,442,709	14.5%	86,102,842	779,443,553	1,151,989,104
2006	311,713,735	15.0%	92,005,600	1,173,286,760	1,577,006,095
2007	331,891,210	14.1%	100,093,372	1,892,393,365	2,324,377,947
2008	350,319,504	15.4%	108,872,293	(477,579,443)	(18,387,646)
2009	359,061,671	15.5%	111,654,256	(1,996,871,185)	(1,526,155,258)
2010	389,296,432	16.4%	115,931,733	1,291,307,143	1,796,535,308
2011	400,330,902	14.7%	139,460,601	2,219,833,337	2,759,624,840
2012	398,822,946	16.3%	117,662,465	(118,654,190)	397,831,221
2013	400,933,872	14.3%	113,900,872	1,695,899,517	2,210,733,616
2014	404,920,441	14.2%	125,225,906	2,429,334,098	2,959,480,445



## Schedule of Expense by Type Administrative

Year Ending	Benefit		Administrative and Other	
June 30,	Payments	Refunds	Expenses	Total
2005	451,978,547	4,413,077	6,454,762	462,846,386
2006	507,641,961	6,207,622	5,991,755	519,841,338
2007	545,220,337	5,179,850	5,854,557	556,254,744
2008	587,319,942	6,462,122	6,676,667	600,458,731
2009	635,878,958	6,409,016	6,913,865	649,201,839
2010	701,562,784	7,156,354	7,229,398	715,948,536
2011	731,866,100	8,906,441	7,548,959	748,321,500
2012	791,844,923	9,225,151	7,752,975	808,023,049
2013	846,210,946	11,087,596	7,755,004	865,053,546
2014	914,250,015	10,485,103	8.034.235	932,769,353



## Schedule of Benefit Expenses by Type

For the Year Ending June 30,

Type of Benefit	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Age and Service	\$739,571,020	\$683,699,899	\$631,087,685	\$584,859,307	\$543,347,733
Disablility	34,639,050	33,164,746	31,316,331	30,034,768	28,795,197
Option	21,341,913	19,925,200	18,501,555	16,873,271	15,896,678
Survivor	9,025,326	8,699,159	8,486,669	7,793,789	7,433,950
Reciprocity	38,031,351	34,346,675	31,166,875	27,854,621	25,041,796
Active Members Death Benefits	493,957	326,748	380,913	410,871	499,993
T-DROP	54,408,232	59,031,639	67,060,580	59,949,242	76,416,162
Act 808	3,249,162	3,516,979	3,844,317	4,090,231	4,131,275
Cash and Savings Help Program	7,271,797				
Cash Balance Disbursements	6,218,208	3,499,902			
Total	¢014 250 015	\$846 210 047	¢701 9 <i>11</i> 022	¢731 866 100	¢701 562 79 <i>1</i>
10tai =	\$914,250,015	\$846,210,947	\$791,844,923	\$731,866,100	\$701,562,784



### **Schedule of Participating Employers**

As of June 30, 2014

Academics Plus Charter School Alma School District Alpena School District AR Association Edu Admin AR Dept Of Economic Dev AR Dept Of Education AR Dept Of Higher Ed AR Educational TV AR Northeastern College AR River Ed Srvs Coop AR School Boards Ins Trust AR School For The Blind AR School For The Deaf AR State University AR State University, Beebe AR State University, Mtn. Home AR State University, Newport AR Teacher Ret Sys AR Tech University Arch Ford Coop Ark Correctional School **Ark Easter Seals** Ark Virtual Academy Charter Arkadelphia School District Arkansas Activities Association Armorel School District Ashdown School District Atkins School District Augusta School District **Bald Knob School District** Barton-Lexa School District **Batesville School District Bauxite School District Bay School District** Bearden School District Beebe School District Benton Co School Of Arts Charter Benton School District Bentonville School District Bergman School District Berryville School District Bismarck School District Black River Technical Col **Blevins School District** 

Blytheville School District

Booneville School District Boston Mts Ed Coop **Bradford School District Brinkley School District Brookland School District Bryant School District Buffalo Island Central** Cabot School District Caddo Hills School District Calico Rock School District Camden-Fairview School District Carlisle School District Cave City School District Cedar Ridge School District Cedarville School District Centerpoint School District Charleston School District Clarendon School District Clarksville School District Cleveland Co School District Clinton School District College Of The Ouachitas Concord School District Conway School District Conway Voc Ctr Corning School District Cossatot River School District Cotter School District County Line School District Covenant Keepers College Prep Craighead Co School District Exe Council Cross Co School District Crossett School District Crowleys Ridge Coop Crowleys Ridge Tech Inst **Cutter Morning Star** Danville School District Dardanelle School District Dawson Educational Service Coop

**Decatur School District** 

Deer/Mt. Judea School District

**Dept Of Career Education** (Rehab Ser) **Dept Of Career Education** (Workforce) De Queen School District De Queen-Mena Ed Coop **Dermott School District** Des Arc School District Dewitt School District DHS - Divison Of Youth Services Dierks School District Dollarway School District **Dover School District Drew Central School District Dumas School District** Earle School District East AR Comm College East End School District East Poinsett School District El Dorado School District Elkins School District Emerson-Taylor-Bradley School **England School District** E-Stem Public Charter School Eureka Springs School District **Exalt Academy Charter** Farmington School District Fayetteville School District First Student Flippin School District Fordyce School District Foreman School District Forrest City School District Fort Smith School District Fouke School District Fountain Lake School District Genoa Central School District Gentry School District Glen Rose School District Gosnell School District **Gravette School District** Great Rivers Ed Coop Green Forest School Greenbrier School District

Greene Co Tech School Greenland School District Greenwood School District **Gurdon School District** Guy-Perkins School District Haas Hall Academy Charter Hackett School District Hamburg School District Hampton School District Harmony Grove School - Benton Harmony Grove School - Camden Harrisburg School District Harrison School District Hartford School District Hazen School District Heber Springs School District Hector School District Helena-West Helena School District Henderson State University Hermitage School District Highland School District Hillcrest School District Hope School District Horatio School District Hot Springs School District Hoxie School District **Hughes School District** Huntsville School District Imboden Area Charter School Izard Co Cons School Jackson County School District Jacksonville Lighthouse Charter Jasper School District Jessieville School District Jonesboro School District Jonesboro Voc Ctr Junction City School District Kipp Delta College Prep Charter Kirby School District Lafayette Co School District Lake Hamilton School District Lakeside School District -Hot Springs



## Schedule of Participating Employers (continued)

As of June 30, 2014

Lakeside School District -Lake Village Lamar School District Lavaca School District Lawrence Co School District Lead Hill School District Lee County School District Lincoln School District Lisa Academy Charter Lisa Academy – North Little Rock Charter Little Rock Prep Academy Charter Little Rock School District Lonoke School District Magazine School District Magnet Cove School District Magnolia School District Malvern School District Mammoth Spring School District Manila School District Mansfield School District Marion School District Marked Tree School District Marmaduke School District Marvell School District Mayflower School District Maynard School District McCrory School District McGehee School District Melbourne School District Mena School District Metropolitan Voc Ctr Midland School District Mid-So Comm Col Mineral Springs Monticello School District Monticello Voc Ctr Mount Ida School District Mountain Home School District Mountain Pine School District Mountain View School District Mountainburg School District Mt Vernon-Enola School District Mulberry School District

Nashville School District Natl Park Comm College Nemo Vista School District Nettleton School District Nevada School District Newport School District Norfork School District Norphlet School District North Arkansas College North Central Career Center North Central Educational Coop North Little Rock School District Northeast AR Educational Coop Northwest AR Comm College Northwest AR Ed Svc Coop Northwest Tech Inst NW AR Clasical Academy Omaha School District Osceola School District Ouachita River School District **Ouachita School District** Ozark Mountain School District Ozark School District Ozark Unlimited Res Coop Ozarka College Palestine-Wheatley School District Pangburn School District Paragould School District Paris School District Parkers Chapel School District Pea Ridge School District Perryville School District Phillips Com Col-DeWitt Phillips Comm Col-UA **Piggott School District** Pine Bluff Lighthouse Charter Pine Bluff School District Pocahontas School District Pottsville School District Poyen School District Prairie Grove School

Premier HS of Little Rock

Prescott School District

Pulaski Co School District Pulaski Technical Col Quest Middle School - Pine Bluff Quitman School District Rector School District Rich Mtn Comm College River Valley Tech (Voc) Center Riverside School District Riverside Vo-Tech School Riverview School District Rogers School District Rose Bud School District Russellville School District Salem School District Scranton School District Searcy County School District Searcy School District Sheridan School District Shirley School District SIATech Little Rock Siloam Springs School District Sloan-Hendrix School District Smackover School District So AR Developmental Ctr So AR University – East Camden So AR University - Magnolia South AR Comm College South Central Svc Coop South Conway Co School District South Mississippi Co School District South Pike County School District Southeast Ark Ed Coop Southeast Ark Tech Col Southside School District -Batesville Southside School District -Bee Branch Southwest Ark Ed Coop Spring Hill School District Springdale School District Star City School District Stephens School District

Strong School District

Stuttgart School District Texarkana School District Texarkana Voc Ctr Trumann School District Two Rivers School District U Of AR Com Col - Batesville U Of AR Com Col - Hope U Of AR Com Col - Morrilton U Of AR Cooperative Extension U Of AR Cossatot Com Col U Of AR Medical Sciences U Of AR School Math, Science U Of AR - Fayetteville U Of AR - Fort Smith U Of AR - Little Rock U Of AR - Monticello U Of AR - Pine Bluff University Of Central AR Valley Springs School District Valley View School District Van Buren School District Vilonia School District Viola School District Waldron School District Warren School District Warren Voc Ctr Watson Chapel School District West Fork School District West Memphis School District West Side School District -Greers Ferry Western AR Educational Coop Western Yell Co School District Westside School District -Hartman Westside School District -Jonesboro White Co Central School District White Hall School District Wilbur D Mills Ed Svs Wonderview School District Woodlawn School District Wynne School District

Yellville-Summit School District



